(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are set out in Note 8 and Note 9 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the financial year	6,961	3,757
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	6,974 (13)	3,757
	6,961	3,757

DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid, declared and proposed since the end of the previous financial year were as follows:

In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2010:	Company RM'000
Interim single tier tax exempt dividend of 1.5 sen per ordinary share, declared on 3 March 2011 and paid on 4 April 2011	2,475
Final single tier tax exempt dividend of 0.5 sen per ordinary share, declared on 13 May 2011 and paid on 1 August 2011	825
	3,300

The Directors propose a final single tier tax exempt dividend of 2.0 sen per ordinary share amounting to RM3,300,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, subject to the approval of members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year.

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There were no issues of new shares and debentures during the financial year.

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who have held office since the date of the last report are:

Dato' Liaw Choon Liang
Datin Goh Poi Eong
Leow Ming Fong @ Leow Min Fong
Dato' Hamzah bin Mohd Salleh
Datuk Idris bin Hashim
Dr. Choo Wei Chong

(Appointed on 1 July 2011) (Resigned on 1 July 2011)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The Directors holding office at the end of the financial year and their beneficial interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year ended 31 December 2011 as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 134 of the Companies Act 1965, were as follows:

<	< Number of ordinary shares of RM0.20 each >					
	Balance		Balance			
	as at	.	G 11	as at		
Shares in the Company	1.1.2011	Bought	Sold	31.12.2011		
Direct interests:						
Dato' Liaw Choon Liang	94,675,000	-	(16,476,799)	78,198,201		
Datin Goh Poi Eong	24,277,700	4,431,799	(8,600,000)	20,109,499		
Leow Ming Fong @ Leow Min Fong	500,000	-	-	500,000		

Dato's Liaw Choon Liang is the spouse of Datin Goh Poi Eong. By virtue of their relationship, they are also deemed to have interests in shares held by each other, both direct and indirect.

By virtue of their interests in the ordinary shares of the Company, Dato' Liaw Choon Liang and Datin Goh Poi Eong are also deemed to be interested in the ordinary shares of all the subsidiaries to the extent the Company has an interest.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (continued)

The interest and deemed interests in the ordinary shares of its non-wholly owned subsidiary, held by Dato' Liaw Choon Liang and Datin Goh Poi Eong at year end were as follows:

	< Number of Balance as at date of incorporation	ordinary sh	ares of RM1.	.00 each > Balance as at	
	21.10.2011	Bought	Sold	31.12.2011	
Subsidiary					
- Truesight Eyewear Optical Sdn. Bhd.					
<u>Indirect interests:</u>					
Dato' Liaw Choon Liang	6	-	-	6	
Datin Goh Poi Eong	6	-	-	6	

None of the other Directors holding office at the end of the financial year held any beneficial interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Directors have received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than those benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest other than the transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business with companies in which certain Directors of the Company have substantial financial interests as disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year, to which the Company is a party, which had the object of enabling the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY

(I) AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and have satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets other than debts, which were unlikely to realise their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their estimated realisable values.
- (b) In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

(II) FROM THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- (c) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
 - (i) which would render the amounts written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any material extent; and
 - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; and
 - (iii) which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - (i) there has not arisen any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made; and
 - (ii) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve (12) months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY (continued)

(III) AS AT THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- (e) There are no charges on the assets of the Group and of the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year to secure the liabilities of any other person.
- (f) There are no contingent liabilities of the Group and of the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (g) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The significant events subsequent to the end of the reporting period are disclosed in Note 40 to the financial statements.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

AUDITORS

The auditors, BDO, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Dato' Liaw Choon Liang
Director
Dato' Hamzah bin Mohd Salleh
Director

Petaling Jaya 23 April 2012

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STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 130 have been drawn up in accordance with applicable approved Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2011 and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

On behalf of the Board,	
Dato' Liaw Choon Liang	Dato' Hamzah bin Mohd Salleh
Director	Director
Petaling Jaya	
23 April 2012	

STATUTORY DECLARATION

I, Kong Seong Hee, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Focus Point Holdings Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 130 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Kuala Lumpur in Malaysia this 23 April 2012

Kong Seong Hee

Before me:

No. W451 S. Ideraju Pesuruhjaya Sumpah (Commissioner for Oaths) Kuala Lumpur

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Focus Point Holdings Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 10 to 129.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, and for such internal control as the Directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly drawn up in accordance with applicable approved Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2011 and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (continued)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The audit reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

Other Reporting Responsibilities

The supplementary information set out in Note 42 to the financial statements is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ('MIA Guidance') and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

BDO AF: 0206 Chartered Accountants Chan Wai Leng 2893/08/13 (J) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur 23 April 2012

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

		Gro	up	Comp	pany	
	Note	2011	2010	2011	2010	
ASSETS		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment Investments in subsidiaries Investments in associates Held-to-maturity investment Goodwill on consolidation Deferred tax assets	7 8 9 10 11 12	24,287 - 472 - - 296	22,779 379 500 410 283	29,187 - - - -	29,235 - - - -	
Trade and other receivables	13	1,328	1,665	-	-	
		26,383	26,016	29,187	29,235	
Current assets	Г					
Inventories Trade and other receivables Current tax assets Cash and cash equivalents	14 13 15	34,064 16,845 345 13,980	25,400 16,931 162 19,803	7,831 36 3,585	- 1,268 18 9,668	
		65,234	62,296	11,452	10,954	
TOTAL ASSETS	=	91,617	88,312	40,639	40,189	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	_					
Share capital Reserves	16 17	33,000 16,999	33,000 13,324	33,000 7,589	33,000 7,132	
Non-controlling interests		49,999 (9)	46,324 102	40,589	40,132	
TOTAL EQUITY		49,990	46,426	40,589	40,132	

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STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITIONS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

		Gro	oup	Company			
	Note	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
LIABILITIES							
Non-current liabilities	_						
Deferred tax liabilities Borrowings Deferred income	12 18 24	1,171 2,733 837	1,104 4,883 998	- - -	- - -		
		4,741	6,985	-	-		
Current liabilities							
Trade and other payables Deferred income Borrowings Current tax liabilities	23 24 18	23,932 464 12,480 10	16,543 388 16,398 1,572	50	57 - -		
		36,886	34,901	50	57_		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	41,627	41,886	50	57		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	91,617	88,312	40,639	40,189		

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STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 31 DECEMBER 2011

		Gro	oup	Company		
	Note	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 [#] to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	
Revenue	26	120,226	74,649	4,192	1,700	
Cost of sales	27	(49,712)	(30,088)			
Gross profit		70,514	44,561	4,192	1,700	
Other operating income		4,971	6,791	101	104	
Selling and distribution costs		(26,592)	(14,361)	-	-	
Administrative expenses		(38,802)	(26,959)	(490)	(1,680)	
Finance costs	28	(1,049)	(738)	-	-	
Share of profits in associates		128	99			
Profit before tax	29	9,170	9,393	3,803	124	
Tax expense	30	(2,209)	(3,179)	(46)	(82)	
Profit for the financial year/period		6,961	6,214	3,757	42	
Other comprehensive income						
Total comprehensive income		6,961	6,214	3,757	42	
Profit/(Loss) attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		6,974 (13)	6,234 (20)	3,757	42	
		6,961	6,214	3,757	42	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:						
Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		6,974 (13)	6,234 (20)	3,757	42	
		6,961	6,214	3,757	42	

[#] The Group was incorporated on 14 April 2010.

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STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

	Note	Gro 1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	to 31.12.2010 RM'000
Earnings per ordinary share attributable to equity holders of the Company (sen):			
- Basic	31	4.23	4.53
Dividend per ordinary share in respect of the financial year, tax exempt (sen)			
- Interim (paid)	32	-	1.50
- Final (paid)	32	-	0.50
- Final (proposed)	32	2.00	
	-	2.00	2.00

[#] The Group was incorporated on 14 April 2010.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total attributable to owners of the parent RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Balance as at 14 April 2010		*	-	(6)	(6)	-	(6)
Profit for the financial period Other comprehensive income		-	-	6,234	6,234	(20)	6,214
Total comprehensive income		-	-	6,234	6,234	(20)	6,214
Transactions with owners							
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to acquisition of a subsidiary Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to	16	24,760	**	-	24,760	503	25,263
public issue Share issue expenses Acquisition of non-controlling interests	16	8,240	7,829 (733)	- -	16,069 (733)	-	16,069 (733)
in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	(381)	(381)
Total transactions with owners	-	33,000	7,096	-	40,096	122	40,218
Balance as at 31 December 2010	=	33,000	7,096	6,228	46,324	102	46,426

^{*} Represents RM2

^{**} Represents RM397

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total attributable to owners of the parent RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Balance as at 1 January 2011		33,000	7,096	6,228	46,324	102	46,426
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income		-	-	6,974 -	6,974 -	(13)	6,961 -
Total comprehensive income		-	-	6,974	6,974	(13)	6,961
Transactions with owners							
Changes in equity interest in a subsidiary Acquisition of a subsidiary Dividend paid	33 32	- - -	- - -	1 - (3,300)	(3,300)	(98) *	(97) * (3,300)
Total transactions with owners	_	-	-	(3,299)	(3,299)	(98)	(3,397)
Balance as at 31 December 2011	_	33,000	7,096	9,903	49,999	(9)	49,990

^{*} Represents RM4

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Company	Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Balance as at 1 January 2010		*	-	(6)	(6)
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income		-	-	42	42
Total comprehensive income		-	-	42	42
Transactions with owners					
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to acquisition of a subsidiary Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to public issue Share issue expenses	16 16	24,760 8,240	** 7,829 (733)	- - -	24,760 16,069 (733)
Total transactions with owners		33,000	7,096	-	40,096
Balance as at 31 December 2010		33,000	7,096	36	40,132

^{*} Represents RM2

^{**} Represents RM397

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

Company	Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Balance as at 1 January 2011		33,000	7,096	36	40,132
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income		-	- -	3,757 -	3,757
Total comprehensive income		-	-	3,757	3,757
Transactions with owners					
Dividends paid	32	-	-	(3,300)	(3,300)
Total transactions with owners		<u>-</u>	-	(3,300)	(3,300)
Balance as at 31 December 2011	=	33,000	7,096	493	40,589

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

		Gro	nun	Company		
		1.1.2011	14.4.2010	1.1.2011	1.1.2010	
	Note	to 31.12.2011 RM'000	to 31.12.2010 RM'000	to 31.12.2011 RM'000	to 31.12.2010 RM'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		KW 000	KW 000	KWI 000	KWI 000	
Profit before tax		9,170	9,393	3,803	124	
Adjustments for:						
Bad debts written off Deposits forfeited Depreciation of property, plant and		45	14 6	-	-	
equipment	7	4,024	2,314	-	-	
Gross dividend income		-	-	(4,192)	(1,700)	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(65)	-	-	-	
Gain on disposal of held-to-maturity investment Impairment losses on:		(1)	-	-	-	
- goodwill on consolidation	11	410	1	_	-	
- investments in subsidiaries	8	-	-	48	-	
- property, plant and equipment	7	406	107	-	_	
- trade receivables	13	487	370	-	-	
Interest expense						
- hire-purchase		158	129	-	-	
- term loans		194	231	-	-	
- bankers' acceptances		496	338	-	-	
- bank overdrafts		1	20	-	-	
- others		200	20	-	-	
Interest income				(0.4)	(=n)	
- fixed deposits		(271)	(161)	(91)	(70)	
- others	4.4	(193)	(245)	(10)	(34)	
Inventories written down	14	150	565	=	-	
Inventories written off	14	150	1 272	-	1 272	
Listing expenses		-	1,372 12	-	1,372	
Loss on disposal of an associate Loss on disposal of property, plant and		-		-	-	
equipment	22	28	38	-	-	
Negative goodwill	33	-	(3,185)	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment written off Reversal of impairment loss on trade and	7	309	160	-	-	
other receivables Reversal of inventories previously	13	(140)	-	-	-	
written down	14	(20)	-	-	-	
Loss on realisation of derivative assets		-	83	-	-	
Share of profits in associates, net of pre-						
acquisition dividends	•	(128)	(10)			
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		15,260	11,572	(442)	(308)	

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

		Group		Company		
	Note	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (continued)						
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		15,260	11,572	(442)	(308)	
Increase in inventories		(8,794)	(4,655)	-	-	
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables Increase/(Decrease) in trade and		(5)	4,786	13	(17)	
other payables		7,389	(1,423)	(7)	50	
(Decrease)/Increase in deferred income		(85)	184			
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		13,765	10,464	(436)	(275)	
Tax paid Tax refunded		(3,998)	(3,088)	(64)	- -	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		9,865	7,428	(500)	(275)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisitions of subsidiaries, net of cash						
and cash equivalents	33	-	4,779	-	(4,174)	
Increase in share capital in a subsidiary	33	-	-	-	(300)	
Advances to a subsidiary Dividend received from an associate		35	-	(6,574)	(1,251)	
Dividend received from subsidiaries		-	_	4,192	1,600	
Proceeds from disposal of an associate	9	-	148	-	-	
Acquisition of additional interest in a						
subsidiary	33	(97)	(534)	-	-	
Interest received		300	195	99	104	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		585	274	_	_	
Proceeds from disposal of held-to-maturity		363	274			
investment		501	-	-	-	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	7(a)	(6,641)	(6,395)			
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,317)	(1,533)	(2,283)	(4,021)	

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 (continued)

	Group			Company		
	Note	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Net (repayments)/drawdown of bankers'						
acceptances		(1,222)	53	-	-	
Dividends paid		(3,300)	-	(3,300)	-	
Interest paid		(849)	(718)	-	-	
Net (repayments)/drawdown of term loans		(2,422)	320	-	-	
Net repayments of hire-purchase liabilities Placements of fixed deposits pledged		(1,235)	(1,054)	-	-	
to licensed banks		(1,210)	(5,282)	-	-	
Share issue and listing expenses paid		-	(2,105)	-	(2,105)	
Proceeds from public issue of shares			16,069		16,069	
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities		(10,238)	7,283	(3,300)	13,964	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(5,690)	13,178	(6,083)	9,668	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year/period		13,178	*	9,668	*	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year/period	15	7,488	13,178	3,585	9,668	

^{*} Represents RM2

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1. **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Ace Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office of the Company is located at Level 18, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit 1, 3 & 5-1, Jalan PJU 1/37, Dataran Prima, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in RM has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution by the Board of Directors on 23 April 2012.

2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries and associates are set out in Note 8 and Note 9 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company set out on pages 10 to 129 have been prepared in accordance with applicable approved Financial Reporting Standards ('FRSs') and the provisions of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. However, Note 42 to the financial statements set out on page 130 has been prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ('MIA Guidance') and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise stated in the financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and contingent liabilities. In addition, the Directors are also required to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving such judgements, estimates and assumptions are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on the Directors' best knowledge of events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4.2 **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities (including special purposes entities) over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to the majority of the voting rights, so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group up to the effective date on which control ceases, as appropriate.

Intragroup balances, transactions, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised gains arising from transactions are also eliminated. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no impairment.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

Non-controlling interests represents the equity in subsidiaries that are not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.2 **Basis of consolidation (continued)**

Components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured at either fair value or at the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests shall be measured at their acquisition-date fair values, unless another measurement basis is required by FRSs. The choice of measurement basis is made on a combination-by-combination basis. Subsequent to initial recognition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity.

The Group has applied the revised FRS 3 *Business Combinations* in accounting for business combinations from 1 January 2011 onwards. The change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively in accordance with the transitional provisions provided by the Standard.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between:

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and
- (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings) in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under FRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.3 **Business combinations**

Business combinations from 1 January 2011 onwards

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method of accounting.

Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- (a) deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with FRS 112 *Income Taxes* and FRS 119 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- (b) liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement by the Group of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions are measured in accordance with FRS 2 *Share-based Payment* at the acquisition date; and
- (c) assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with FRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the serviced are received.

Any contingent consideration payable is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Measurement period adjustments to contingent consideration are dealt with as follows:

- (a) If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity.
- (b) Subsequent changes to contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument within the scope of FRS 139 are recognised either in profit or loss or in other comprehensive income in accordance with FRS 139. All other subsequent changes are recognised in profit or loss.

In a business combination achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profits or loss.

During the financial year, the Group elected to recognise non-controlling interest in the acquiree on the date of acquisition at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree net identifiable assets for each individual business combination.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.3 **Business combinations (continued)**

Business combinations from 1 January 2011 onwards (continued)

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill in the statement of financial position. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 4.7 to the financial statements. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Business combinations before 1 January 2011

Under the purchase method of accounting, the cost of business combination is measured at the aggregate of fair values at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination.

At the acquisition date, the cost of a business combination is allocated to the identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities in the business combination which are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recognised as goodwill (See Note 4.7 to the financial statements on goodwill). If the cost of a business combination is less than the interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities, the Group will:

- (a) reassess the identification and measurement of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities and the measurement of the cost of the combination; and
- (b) recognise immediately in profit or loss any excess remaining after that reassessment.

When a business combination includes more than one exchange transaction, any adjustment to the fair values of the subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities relating to previously held interests of the Group is accounted for as a revaluation.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.4 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the subsequent costs will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Cost also comprises the initial estimate of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located for which the Group is obligated to incur when the asset is acquired, if applicable.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset and which has a different useful life, is depreciated separately.

After initial recognition, property, plant and equipment except for freehold properties are stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The freehold properties are stated at valuation, which is the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The freehold properties are revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period. The surplus arising from such revaluations is credited to shareholders' equity as a revaluation reserve and any subsequent deficit is offset against such surplus to the extent of a previous increase for the same property. In all other cases, the deficit will be charged to profit or loss. For a revaluation increase subsequent to a revaluation deficit of the same asset, the surplus is recognised as income to the extent that it reverses the deficit previously recognised as an expense with the balance of increase credited to revaluation reserve.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of the assets to their residual values on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Alarm and security system	20%
Computers	33 1/3%
Freehold properties	2%
Furniture and fittings	10%
Hearing equipment	10%
Lab tools and equipment	10%
Motor vehicles	10% - 20%
Office equipment	20%
Optical equipment	10%
Renovation and electrical installations	10%
Signboards	20%

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.4 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Freehold properties comprise freehold land and buildings. Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and is not depreciated. Depreciation has been provided on certain freehold land as the Group has not been able to segregate the cost of the buildings from the cost of the related freehold land. The Directors are of the opinion that the depreciation of the freehold land has no material effect on the financial statements of the Group.

Construction-in-progress represents renovation-in-progress and is stated at cost. Construction-in-progress is not depreciated until such time when the asset is available for use.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount (see Note 4.8 to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets).

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment. If expectations differ from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount is included in profit or loss and the revaluation surplus related to those assets, if any, is transferred directly to retained earnings.

4.5 Leases and hire purchase

(a) Finance leases and hire purchase

Assets acquired under finance leases and hire purchase which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the Group are recognised initially at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. The discount rate used in calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments is the interest rate implicit in the leases, if this is practicable to determine; if not, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used. Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group are added to the amount recognised as an asset. The assets are capitalised as property, plant and equipment and the corresponding obligations are treated as liabilities. The property, plant and equipment capitalised are depreciated on the same basis as owned assets.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.5 Leases and hire purchase (continued)

(a) Finance leases and hire purchase (continued)

The minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charges are recognised in profit or loss over the period of the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining lease and hire purchase liabilities.

(b) Operating leases

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4.6 **Investments**

(a) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Group and the Company have the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group has such power over another entity.

An investment in subsidiary, which is eliminated on consolidation, is stated in the Company's separate financial statements at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Investments accounted for at cost shall be accounted for in accordance with FRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* when they are classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with FRS 5.

When control of a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, event or other circumstance, the Group would derecognise all assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests at their carrying amount and recognise the fair value of the consideration received. Any retained interest in the former subsidiary is recognised at its fair value at the date control is lost. The resulting difference is recognised as a gain or loss in profit or loss.

(b) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group and the Company have significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.6 **Investments (continued)**

(b) Associates (continued)

In the Company's separate financial statements, an investment in associate is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

An investment in associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The investment in associate in the consolidated statement of financial position is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the investment.

The interest in the associate is the carrying amount of the investment in the associate under the equity method together with any long term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net interest in the associate.

The Group's share of the profit or loss of the associate during the financial period is included in the consolidated financial statements, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases. Distributions received from the associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Adjustments to the carrying amount may also be necessary for changes in the Group's proportionate interest in the associate arising from changes in the associate's equity that have not been recognised in the associate's profit or loss. Such changes include those arising from the revaluation of property, plant and equipment and from foreign exchange translation differences. The Group's share of those changes is recognised directly in equity of the Group.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no impairment.

When the Group's share of losses in the associate equals to or exceeds its interest in the associate, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to nil and the Group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on its behalf.

The most recent available financial statements of the associate are used by the Group in applying the equity method. When the end of reporting periods of the financial statements are not coterminous, the share of results is arrived at using the latest audited financial statements for which the difference in end of the reporting periods is no more than three (3) months. Adjustments are made for the effects of any significant transactions or events that occur between the intervening periods.

Upon disposal of an investment in associate, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is included in profit or loss.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.7 Goodwill

Goodwill recognised in a business combination is an asset at the acquisition date and is initially measured at cost being the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest (if any) in the entity over net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is not amortised but instead tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may be impaired. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill arising on acquisition of an associate is the excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of net assets of the associates' identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortised.

4.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets, except for financial assets (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates), inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Goodwill that has an indefinite useful life is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the goodwill might be impaired.

The recoverable amount of an asset is estimated for an individual asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the cash generating unit ('CGU') to which the asset belongs. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's CGU or groups of CGU that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination giving rise to the goodwill irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units or groups of units.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.8 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

Goodwill acquired in a business combination shall be tested for impairment as part of the impairment testing of CGU to which it relates. The CGU to which goodwill is allocated shall represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment determined in accordance with FRS 8.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

In estimating value in use, the estimated future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when the carrying amount of the asset or the CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset or the CGU. The total impairment loss is allocated, first, to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU on a pro-rata basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately except for the impairment on a revalued asset where the impairment loss is recognised directly against the revaluation reserve to the extent of the surplus credited from the previous revaluation for the same asset with the excess of the impairment loss charged to profit or loss.

An impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. An impairment loss on other assets is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets' recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Such reversals are recognised as income immediately in profit or loss except for the reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset where the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase and credited to the revaluation reserve account of the same asset. However, to the extent that an impairment loss in the same revalued asset was previously recognised in profit or loss, a reversal of that impairment loss is also recognised in profit or loss.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.9 **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the following method:

Cost of optical and related products and hearing aids and related accessories are determined using the weighted average cost method while cost of operation consumables is determined on a first-in, first-out method.

The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase plus the cost of bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.10 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, an equity instrument of another enterprise, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another enterprise, or a contractual right to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Group.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another enterprise, or a contractual obligation to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Group.

Financial instruments are recognised on the statements of financial position when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. At initial recognition, a financial instrument is recognised at fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial instrument.

An embedded derivative is separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative meets the definition of a derivative, and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.10 Financial instruments (continued)

4.10.1 Financial assets

A financial asset is classified into the following four categories after initial recognition for the purpose of subsequent measurement:

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise financial assets that are held for trading (i.e. financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of resale in the near term), derivatives (both, freestanding and embedded) and financial assets that were specifically designated into this classification upon initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss exclude foreign exchange gains and losses, interest and dividend income. Such income is recognised separately in profit or loss as components of other income or other operating losses.

However, derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market are recognised at cost.

(b) Held-to-maturity investment

Financial assets classified as held-to-maturity comprise non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as held-to-maturity are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on financial assets classified as held-to-maturity are recognised in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

(c) Loans and receivables

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables comprise non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on financial assets classified as held-to-maturity are recognised in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

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4. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

4.10 Financial instruments (continued)

4.10.1 Financial assets (continued)

(d) Available-for-sale financial assets

Financial assets classified as available-for-sale comprise non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets classified as available-for-sale are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets classified as available-for-sale are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised in profit or loss. However, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss whilst dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances, bank overdrafts, deposits and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three (3) months or less, which are readily convertible to cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the financial asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in other comprehensive income shall be recognised in profit or loss.

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or marketplace convention. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.10 Financial instruments (continued)

4.10.2 Financial liabilities

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. A financial liability is classified into the following two categories after initial recognition for the purpose of subsequent measurement:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss comprise financial liabilities that are held for trading, derivatives (both, freestanding and embedded) and financial liabilities that were specifically designated into this classification upon initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss exclude foreign exchange gains and losses, interest and dividend income. Such income is recognised separately in profit or loss as components of other income or other operating losses.

(b) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as other financial liabilities comprise non-derivative financial liabilities that are neither held for trading nor initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on other financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss when the financial liabilities are derecognised and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when, and only when, it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms are accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.10 Financial instruments (continued)

4.10.2 Financial liabilities (continued)

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

4.10.3 Equity

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the nominal value and proceeds in excess of the nominal value of shares issued, if any, are accounted for as share premium. Both ordinary share capital and share premium are classified as equity. Transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit. Otherwise, they are charged to profit or loss.

Interim dividends to shareholders are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared. Final dividends are recognized upon the approval of shareholders in a general meeting.

The Group measures a liability to distribute non-cash assets as a dividend to the owners of the Company at fair value of the assets to be distributed. The carrying amount of the dividend is remeasured at the end of each reporting period and at the settlement date, with any changes recognised directly in equity as adjustments to the amount of the distribution. On settlement of the transaction, the Group recognises the difference, if any, between the carrying amount of the assets distributed and the carrying amount of the liability in profit or loss.

If the Company reacquires its own equity instruments, the consideration paid, including any attributable transaction costs, is deducted from equity as treasury shares until they are cancelled. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. Where such shares are issued by resale, the difference between the sales consideration and the carrying amount is shown as a movement in equity.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.11 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired at the end of each reporting period.

Held-to-maturity investment and loans and receivables

The Group collectively considers factors such as the probability of bankruptcy or significant financial difficulties of the receivable or investee, and default or significant delay in payments to determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on held-to-maturity investment and loans and receivables has occurred. Other objective evidence of impairment include historical collection rates determined on an individual basis and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that are directly correlated with the historical default rates of receivables.

If any such objective evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of held-to-maturity investment is directly reduced by the impairment loss whilst the carrying amount of loans and receivables are reduced through the use of an allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and it objectively relates to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of impairment reversed is recognised in profit or loss.

4.12 **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualified asset is capitalised as part of the cost of the asset until when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete, after which such expense is charged to profit or loss. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Capitalisation of borrowing cost is suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted.

The amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is the actual borrowing costs incurred on the borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investment of the borrowing.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.13 **Income taxes**

Income taxes include all domestic taxes on taxable profit. Taxes in the statements of comprehensive income comprise current tax and deferred tax.

4.13.1 Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable or receivable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for a period.

Current tax for the current and prior periods is measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.13.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in full using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position and its tax base.

Deferred tax is recognised for all temporary differences, unless the deferred tax arises from goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. If it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilised, the carrying amount of the deferred tax asset will be reduced accordingly. When it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available, such reductions will be reversed to the extent of the taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority on either:

- (i) the same taxable entity; or
- (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.13 **Income taxes (continued)**

4.13.2 Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax will be recognised as income or expense and included in profit or loss for the period unless the tax relates to items that are credited or charged, in the same or a different accounting period, directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax will be charged or credited directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities should be measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, and when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed (for example, under an insurance contract), the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision will be discounted to its present value at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision will be reversed.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. If the Group has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract shall be recognised and measured as a provision.

4.15 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.15 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (continued)

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group. The Group does not recognise a contingent asset but discloses its existence where the inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

In the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group under business combinations, contingent liabilities assumed are measured initially at their fair value at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest.

4.16 **Employee benefits**

4.16.1 Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the financial period when employees have rendered their services to the Group and the Company.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as an expense when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

Bonuses are recognised as an expense when there is a present, legal or constructive obligation to make such payments, as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.16.2 Defined contribution plan

The Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in Malaysia make contributions to a statutory provident fund. The contributions are recognised as a liability after deducting any contributions already paid and as an expense in the period in which the employees render their services.

4.17 Foreign currencies

4.17.1 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.17 Foreign currencies (continued)

4.17.2 Foreign currency translations and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the functional currency of each company in the Group at rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are translated into the functional currency of each company in the Group at rates of exchange ruling at that date. All exchange differences arising from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items initially denominated in foreign currencies, which are carried at historical cost are translated using the historical rate as of the date of acquisition and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value are translated using the exchange rate that existed when the values were determined for presentation currency purposes.

4.18 **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of discounts and rebates.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group, and the amount of revenue and the cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be reliably measured and specific recognition criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as follows:

(a) Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods represents the invoiced value arising from the sale of optical related products and hearing aid solutions and related accessories.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the customers and where the Group retains no continuing managerial involvement over the goods, which coincides with delivery of goods and services and acceptance by customers.

(b) Services

Revenue from services represents the invoiced value arising from laser eye surgery treatment and is recognised upon performance of services.

(c) Franchise fee income

Franchise fee income is recognised on an accrual basis over the period of the respective franchise agreements unless collectibility is in doubt with the unrecognised portion being recorded as deferred income in the statement of financial position.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.18 **Revenue recognition (continued)**

(d) Licensing fee income

Licensing fee income is recognised on accrual basis unless collectibility is in doubt.

(e) Royalty fee income

Royalty fee income is recognised on accrual basis unless collectibility is in doubt.

(f) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

(g) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term of an ongoing lease.

(h) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

4.19 **Operating segments**

Operating segments are defined as components of the Group that:

- engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group);
- (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker (i.e. the Group's Chief Executive Officer) in making decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assessing its performance; and
- (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

An operating segment may engage in business activities for which it has yet to earn revenues.

The Group reports separately information about each operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds:

(a) Its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is ten (10) per cent or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4.19 **Operating segments (continued)**

The Group reports separately information about each operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds: (continued)

- (b) The absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is ten (10) per cent or more of the greater, in absolute amount of:
 - (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss; and
 - (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss.
- (c) Its assets are ten (10) per cent or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

Operating segments that do not meet any of the quantitative thresholds may be considered reportable, and separately disclosed, if the management believes that information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Total external revenue reported by operating segments shall constitute at least seventy five (75) percent of the Group's revenue. Operating segments identified as reportable segments in the current financial year in accordance with the quantitative thresholds, if any, would result in a restatement of prior period segment date for comparative purposes.

4.20 **Earnings per share**

Basic

Basic earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted

Diluted earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares.

4.21 **Deferred income**

Deferred income represents franchise fees and is recognised as revenue on a time apportionment basis over the remaining period of the respective franchise agreements in line with the services to be rendered. Portion expected to be realised not more than twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period is classified as current. All other portions shall be classified as non-current.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year

(a) Amendments to FRS 132 are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2010 in respect of the classification of rights issues respectively.

These Amendments clarify that rights, options or warrants to acquire a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments for a fixed amount of any currency shall be classified as equity instruments rather than financial liabilities if the Group offers the rights, options or warrants pro rata to all of its own existing owners of the same class of its own non-derivative equity instruments.

There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

(b) IC Interpretation 12 Service Concession Arrangements is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Interpretation applies to operators for public-to-private service concession arrangements, whereby infrastructure within the scope of this Interpretation shall not be recognised as property, plant and equipment of the operator. The operator shall recognise and measure revenue in accordance with FRS 111 *Construction Contracts* and FRS 118 for the services performed. The operator shall also account for revenue and costs relating to construction or upgrade services in accordance with FRS 111.

Consideration received or receivable by the operator for the provision of construction or upgrade services shall be recognised at its fair value. If the consideration consists of an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from the grantor, it shall be classified as a financial asset. Conversely, if the consideration consists of a right to charge users of the public service, it shall be classified as an intangible asset.

There is no impact upon adoption of this Interpretation during the financial year.

(c) FRS 1 First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Standard supersedes the existing FRS 1 and shall be applied when the Group adopts FRSs for the first time via the explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with FRSs. An opening FRS statement of financial position shall be prepared and presented at the date of transition to FRS, whereby:

- (i) All assets and liabilities shall be recognised in accordance with FRSs;
- (ii) Items of assets and liabilities shall not be recognised if FRSs do not permit such recognition;
- (iii) Items recognised in accordance with previous GAAP shall be reclassified in accordance with FRSs; and
- (iv) All recognised assets and liabilities shall be measured in accordance with FRSs.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(c) FRS 1 First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010. (continued)

All resulting adjustments shall therefore be recognised directly in retained earnings at the date of transition to FRSs.

There is no impact upon adoption of this Standard during the financial year.

(d) FRS 3 *Business Combinations* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Standard supersedes the existing FRS 3 and now includes business combinations involving mutual entities and those achieved by way of contract alone. Any non-controlling interest in an acquiree shall be measured at fair value or as the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The time limit on the adjustment to goodwill due to the arrival of new information on the crystallisation of deferred tax benefits shall be restricted to the measurement period resulting from the arrival of the new information. Contingent liabilities acquired arising from present obligations shall be recognised, regardless of the probability of outflow of economic resources.

Acquisition-related costs shall be accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Consideration transferred in a business combination, including contingent consideration, shall be measured and recognised at fair value at acquisition date. Any changes in the amount of consideration to be paid will no longer be adjusted against goodwill but recognised in profit or loss.

In business combinations achieved in stages, the acquirer shall remeasure its previously held equity interest at its acquisition date fair value and recognise the resulting gain or loss in profit or loss.

The revised FRS 3 has been applied prospectively in accordance with its transitional provisions. Assets and liabilities that arose from business combinations whose acquisition dates were before 1 July 2010 are not adjusted.

During the financial year, the newly acquired subsidiary was accounted for in accordance with this new Standard.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(e) FRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Standard supersedes the existing FRS 127 and replaces the current term 'minority interest' with the new term 'non-controlling interest' which is defined as the equity in a subsidiary that is not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent. Accordingly, total comprehensive income shall be attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. If the Group loses control of a subsidiary, any gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss and any investment retained in the former subsidiary shall be remeasured at its fair value at the date when control is lost.

According to its transitional provisions, the revised FRS 127 has been applied prospectively, and does not impact the Group's consolidated financial statements in respect of transactions with non-controlling interest, attribution of losses to non-controlling interest, and disposal of subsidiaries before 1 July 2010. These changes would only affect future transactions with non-controlling interest.

(f) Amendments to FRSs are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

Amendments to FRS 2 *Share-based Payments* clarify that transactions in which the Group acquired goods as part of the net assets acquired in a business combination or contribution of a business on the formation of a joint venture are excluded from the scope of this Standard. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 5 clarify that non-current asset classified as held for distribution to owners acting in their capacity as owners are within the scope of this Standard. The amendment also clarifies that in determining whether a sale is highly probable, the probability of shareholders' approval, if required in the jurisdiction, shall be considered. In a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all assets and liabilities of that subsidiary shall be classified as held for sale, regardless of whether the Group retains a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale. Discontinued operations information shall also be presented. Non-current asset classified as held for distribution to owners shall be measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to distribute. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(f) Amendments to FRSs are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010. (continued)

Amendments to FRS 138 clarify that the intention of separating an intangible asset is irrelevant in determining the identifiability of the intangible asset. In a separate acquisition and acquisition as part of a business combination, the price paid by the Group reflects the expectations of the Group of an inflow of economic benefits, even if there is uncertainty about the timing or the amount of the inflow. Accordingly, the probability criterion is always considered to be satisfied for separately acquired intangible assets. The useful life of a reacquired right recognised as an intangible asset in a business combination shall be the remaining contractual period of the contract in which the right was granted, and do not include renewal periods. In the case of a reacquired right in a business combination, if the right is subsequently reissued to a third party, the related carrying amount shall be used in determining the gain or loss on reissue. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to IC Interpretation 9 clarify that embedded derivatives in contracts acquired in a business combination, combination of entities or business under common controls, or the formation of a joint venture are excluded from this Interpretation. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

(g) IC Interpretation 16 *Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Interpretation applies to hedges undertaken on foreign currency risk arising from net investments in foreign operations and the Group wishes to qualify for hedge accounting in accordance with FRS 139.

Hedge accounting is applicable only to the foreign exchange differences arising between the functional currency of the foreign operation and the functional currency of any parent (immediate, intermediate or ultimate parent) of that foreign operation. An exposure to foreign currency risk arising from a net investment in a foreign operation may qualify for hedge accounting only once in the consolidated financial statements.

Hedging instruments designated in the hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation may be held by any companies within the Group, as long as the designation, documentation and effectiveness requirements of FRS 139 are met. There is no impact upon adoption of this Interpretation during the financial year.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(h) IC Interpretation 17 *Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

This Interpretation applies to non-reciprocal distributions of non-cash assets by the Group to its owners in their capacity as owners, as well as distributions that give owners a choice of receiving either non-cash assets or a cash alternative. This Interpretation also applies to distributions in which all owners of the same class of equity instruments are treated equally.

The liability to pay a dividend shall be recognised when the dividend is appropriately authorised and is no longer at the discretion of the Group. The liability shall be measured at the fair value of the assets to be distributed. If the Group gives its owners a choice of receiving either a non-cash asset or a cash alternative, the dividend payable shall be estimated by considering the fair value of both alternatives and the associated probability of the owners' selection.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of the dividend payable shall be remeasured and any changes shall be recognised in equity. At the settlement date, any difference between the carrying amounts of the assets distributed and the carrying amount of the dividend payable shall be recognised in profit or loss. The new accounting policy (see Note 4.10.3) has been applied prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of this Interpretation during the financial year.

(i) Amendment to FRS 1 *Limited Exemption from Comparative FRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

This Amendment permits a first-time adopter of FRSs to apply the exemption of not restating comparatives for the disclosures required in Amendments to FRS 7.

There is no impact upon adoption of this Amendment during the financial year.

(j) Amendments to FRS 1 *Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters* are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

These Amendments permit a first-time adopter of FRSs to apply the exemption of not restating the carrying amounts of oil and gas assets determined under previous GAAP.

There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(k) Amendments to FRS 7 *Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments* are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

These Amendments require enhanced disclosures of fair value of financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy, including the disclosure of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as well as reconciliations for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

By virtue of the exemption provided under paragraph 44G of FRS 7, the impact of applying these Amendments on the financial statements upon first adoption of FRS 7 as required by paragraph 30(b) of FRS 108 are not disclosed.

(1) Amendments to FRS 2 *Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions* are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

These Amendments clarify the scope and the accounting for group cash-settled share-based payment transactions in the separate financial statements of the entity receiving the goods or services when that entity has no obligation to settle the share-based payment transaction.

There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

(m) IC Interpretation 4 *Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

This Interpretation requires the determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease based on an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and whether the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. This assessment shall be made at the inception of the arrangement and subsequently reassessed if certain condition(s) in the Interpretation is met.

There is no impact upon adoption of this Interpretation during the financial year because there are no arrangements dependent on the use of specific assets in the Group.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(n) IC Interpretation 18 *Transfers of Assets from Customers* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

This Interpretation applies to agreements in which an entity receives from a customer either an item of property, plant and equipment that must be used to either connect the customer to a network or to provide the customer with ongoing access to a supply of goods or services or cash for the acquisition or construction of property, plant and equipment. The entity receiving the transferred item is required to assess whether the transferred item meets the definition of an asset set out in the Framework. The credit entry would be accounted for as revenue in accordance with FRS 118.

There is no impact upon adoption of this Interpretation during the financial year because there is no such arrangement in the Group.

(o) Improvements to FRSs (2010) are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

Amendments to FRS 1 clarify that FRS 108 does not apply to changes in accounting policies made upon adoption of FRSs until after the first FRS financial statements have been presented. If changes in accounting policies or exemptions in this FRS are used, an explanation of such changes together with updated reconciliations shall be made in each interim financial report. Entities whose operations are subject to rate regulation are permitted the use of previously revalued amounts as deemed cost. There is no impact upon adoption of these amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 3 clarify that for each business combination, the acquirer shall measure at the acquisition date non-controlling interests that consists of the present ownership interests and entitle holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation. Un-replaced and voluntarily replaced share-based payment transactions shall be measured using the market-based measurement method in accordance with FRS 2 at the acquisition date. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 7 clarify that quantitative disclosures of risk concentrations are required if the disclosures made in other parts of the financial statements are not readily apparent. The disclosure on maximum exposure to credit risk is not required for financial instruments whose carrying amount best represents the maximum exposure to credit risk. The Group has incorporated these disclosures on maximum exposure to credit risk in Note 38 to the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.1 New FRSs and amendment to FRSs adopted during the current financial year (continued)

(o) Improvements to FRSs (2010) are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011. (continued)

Amendments to FRS 101 clarify that a statement of changes in equity shall be presented as part of a complete set of financial statements and analysis of other comprehensive income shall also be presented in the statement of changes in equity. This has been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

Amendments to FRS 121 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* clarify that the accounting treatment for cumulative foreign exchange differences in other comprehensive income for the disposal or partial disposal of a foreign operation shall be applied prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 128 clarify that the accounting treatment for the cessation of significant influence over an associate shall be applied prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 131 clarify that the accounting treatment for the cessation of joint control over an entity shall be applied prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 132 clarify that contingent consideration from a business combination that occurred before the effective date of the revised FRS 3 of 1 July 2010 shall be accounted for prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to FRS 134 clarify that updated information on significant events and transactions since the end of the last annual reporting period shall be included in the Group's interim financial report. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year. However, there would be additional disclosures in the quarterly interim financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to FRS 139 clarify that contingent consideration from a business combination that occurred before the effective date of the revised FRS 3 of 1 July 2010 shall be accounted for prospectively. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

Amendments to IC Interpretation 13 clarify that the fair value of award credits takes into account, amongst others, the amount of the discounts or incentives that would otherwise be offered to customers who have not earned award credits from an initial sale. There is no impact upon adoption of these Amendments during the financial year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012

On 19 November 2011, the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ('MASB') announced the issuance of the new MFRS framework that is applicable to entities other than private entities.

The Group is expected to apply the MFRS framework for the financial year ending 31 December 2012.

This would result in the Group preparing an opening MFRS statement of financial position as at 1 January 2011 which adjusts for differences between the classification and measurement bases in the existing FRS framework versus that in the new MFRS framework. This would also result in a restatement of the annual and quarterly financial performance for the financial year ended 31 December 2011 and quarter ended 31 March 2011 in accordance with MFRS which would form the MFRS comparatives for the financial year ending 31 December 2012 and quarter ending 31 March 2012 respectively.

The MFRSs and IC Interpretations expected to be adopted are as follows:

		Effective Date
MFRS 1	First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards	1 January 2012
MFRS 2	Share-based Payment	1 January 2012
MFRS 3	Business Combination	1 January 2012
MFRS 4	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2012
MFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	1 January 2012
MFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	1 January 2012
MFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2012
MFRS 8	Operating Segments	1 January 2012
MFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2015
MFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	1 January 2013

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ DECEMBER\ 2011}$

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)

		Effective Date
MFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	1 January 2013
MFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1 January 2013
MFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	1 January 2013
MFRS 101	Presentation of Financial Statements	1 January 2012
Amendments to MFRS 101	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	1 July 2012
MFRS 102	Inventories	1 January 2012
MFRS 107	Statement of Cash Flows	1 January 2012
MFRS 108	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	1 January 2012
MFRS 110	Events After the Reporting Period	1 January 2012
MFRS 111	Construction Contacts	1 January 2012
MFRS 112	Income Taxes	1 January 2012
MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment	1 January 2012
MFRS 117	Leases	1 January 2012
MFRS 118	Revenue	1 January 2012
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits	1 January 2012
MFRS 119	Employee Benefits (revised)	1 January 2013
MFRS 120	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance	1 January 2012
MFRS 121	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	1 January 2012
MFRS 123	Borrowing Costs	1 January 2012
MFRS 124	Related Party Dislcosures	1 January 2012
MFRS 126	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	1 January 2012
MFRS 127	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2012
MFRS 127	Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2013
MFRS 128	Investments in Associates	1 January 2012
MFRS 128	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	1 January 2013
MFRS 129	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	1 January 2012
MFRS 131	Interests in Joint Ventures	1 January 2012
MFRS 132	Financial Instruments: Presentation	1 January 2012
MFRS 133	Earnings Per Share	1 January 2012
MFRS 134	Interim Financial Reporting	1 January 2012
MFRS 136	Impairment of Assets	1 January 2012
MFRS 137	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	1 January 2012
MFRS 138	Intangible Assets	1 January 2012
MFRS 139	Financial Instruments: Recognition and	1 January 2012
	Measurement	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)

		Effective Date
MFRS 140	Investment Property	1 January 2012
MFRS 141	Agriculture	1 January 2012
Improvements to MFRs	1 January 2012	
Amendments to MFRS 7	Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2013
Amendments to MFRS 132	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	1 January 2014
Mandatory Effective D	ate of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures	1 March 2012
IC Interpretation 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 2	Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 5	Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 6	Liabilities Arising from Participating in a Specific Market-Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under MFRS 129 Financial Reporting in Hyper inflationary Economies	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 12	Service Concession Arrangements	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 14	MFRS 119 – The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	1 January 2012

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)

		Effective Date
IC Interpretation 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	1 January 2013
IC Interpretation 107	Introduction of the Euro	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 110	Government Assistance – No Specific Relation to Operating Activities	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 112	Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 113	Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 115	Operating Leases – Incentives	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 125	Income Taxes – Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 129	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 131	Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services	1 January 2012
IC Interpretation 132	Intangible Assets – Web Site Costs	1 January 2012

Technical Release 3 *Guidance on Disclosures of Transition to IFRSs* ('TR 3') provides voluntary disclosure requirements on the potential impact of adoption of MFRSs. However, the Company is in the process of preparing the opening statement of financial statements and is only able to assess the potential impact as follows:

(a) FRS 116 contains an additional disclosure to require an entity to disclose if it had applied the transitional provision provided by the MASB when FRS 116 was first adopted in 1998. The said transitional provision allowed an entity to carry the asset's revalued amount as surrogate cost.

However, MFRS 116 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)
 - (b) FRS 117 contains two transitional provisions, one of which is in relation to the transition from MASB 10 *Leases* to FRS 117:
 - i. An entity that had previously classified its leasehold land as property, plant and equipment shall reclassify the unamortised carrying amount as operating lease.

If the entity had previously revalued such leasehold land, the entity shall retain the unamortised revalued amount as the surrogate carrying amount of prepaid lease payments.

However, MFRS 117 does not have this transitional provision as the requirement to treat leasehold land as operating lease was already prescribed in IAS 17 *Leases*.

ii. An entity need not disclose the effect of impending changes of accounting standards required under FRS 108 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Estimates and Errors* when it first applied the revised Standard.

However, MFRS 117 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

- (c) FRS 121 mandates the use of Ringgit Malaysia as the presentation currency in accordance with the Companies Act, 1965. However, MFRS 121 does not have such a similar requirement.
- (d) FRS 139 contains three transitional provisions, namely:
 - i. Transitional provision for first-time adoption of FRS 139 which prohibits retrospective application and instead, requires an initial application of the recognition, classification and measurement on the effective date of the Standard.
 - ii. An entity need not disclose the effect of impending changes of accounting standards required under FRS 108 when it first applied the revised Standard.

However, MFRS 139 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

(e) FRS 140 contains an additional disclosure to require an entity to disclose that it had applied the transitional provision provided by the MASB in 1998. The same transitional provision allowed an entity to carry the asset's revalued amount as surrogate cost.

However, MFRS 140 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)
 - (f) FRS 4 contains a transitional provision that an entity need not disclose the effect of impending changes of accounting standards required under FRS 108 when it first applied the Standard.

However, MFRS 4 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

- (g) FRS 7 contains two transitional provisions:
 - i. An entity is not required to present any comparative disclosures required by the Standard when it first applied the Standard.
 - ii. An entity need not disclose the effect of impending changes of accounting standards required under FRS 108 when it first applied the Standard.

However, MFRS 7 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

(h) IC Interpretation 12 contains a transitional provision that an entity need not disclose the effect of impending changes of accounting standards required under FRS 108 when it first applied the Standard.

However, IC 12 does not have similar requirements for such a transition.

(i) MFRS 141 *Agriculture* is mandatory for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

This Standard prescribes the accounting treatment, financial statement presentation, and disclosures related to agricultural activity. It requires measurement at fair value less costs to sell from initial recognition of biological assets up to the point of harvest, other than when fair value cannot be measured reliably on initial recognition. This Standard requires that a change in fair value less costs to sell of a biological asset be included in profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

The Group does not expect any material impact on the financial statements upon adoption of this Standard as this standard is not applicable to the Group.

(j) IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.

This Interpretation applies to the accounting for revenue and associated expenses by entities undertaking construction or real estate directly or via subcontractors. Within a single agreement, the Group may contract to deliver goods or services in addition to the construction of real estate. Such an agreement shall therefore, be split into separately identifiable components.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.2 New Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRS') that have been issued, but not yet effective and not yet adopted, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 (continued)
 - (j) IC Interpretation 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012. (continued)

An agreement for the construction of real estate shall be accounted for in accordance with FRS 111 if the buyer is able to specify the major structural elements of the design of the real estate before construction begins and/or specify major structural changes once construction is in progress. Accordingly, revenue shall be recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract.

An agreement for the construction of real estate in which buyers only have limited ability to influence the design of the real estate or to specify only minor variations to the basic designs is an agreement for the sale of goods in accordance with FRS 118. Accordingly, revenue shall be recognised by reference to the criteria in paragraph 14 of FRS 118 (e.g. transfer of significant risks and rewards, no continuing managerial involvement nor effective control, reliable measurement, etc.).

The Group does not expect any material impact on the financial statements upon adoption of this Interpretation.

5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013

(a) Amendments to MFRS 101 *Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income* are mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.

These Amendments require the Group to group items presented in other comprehensive income on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently (reclassification adjustments) or otherwise. It does not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax. However, if the items are presented before tax, then the tax related to each of the two groups of other comprehensive income items shall be shown separately.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013 (continued)
 - (b) MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This Standard defines the principle of control and establishes control as the basis for determining which entities are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The investor is required to reassess whether it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing this Standard since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2013.

(c) MFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This Standard requires a party to a joint arrangement to determine the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations arising from the arrangement. A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint arrangements are classified into two types; joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby joint operators have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the joint venturers have rights to the net assets of the arrangements. A joint operator recognises and measures the assets and liabilities in relation to its interest in the arrangement in accordance with applicable relevant MFRS whereas a joint venture recognises the investment using the equity method of accounting.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013 (continued)
 - (d) MFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This Standard establishes disclosure objectives and requirements that enable users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, the Group's interests in other entities, and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows. If the minimum disclosures required in this Standard are not sufficient to meet the disclosure objectives, the Group is expected to disclose whatever additional information that is necessary to meet that objective.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing this Standard since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2013.

(e) MFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurements* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This Standard applies to FRS that requires or permits fair value measurements or disclosures about fair value measurements. It explains how to measure fair value for financial reporting and does not require fair value measurements in addition to those already required or permitted by other MFRS. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price). The definition of fair value is a market-based measurement and not an entity-specific measurement whereby assumptions made by market participants would be used when pricing the asset or liability under current market conditions. Consequently, the Group's intention to hold an asset or to settle or fulfil a liability is not relevant when measuring fair value.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013 (continued)
 - (f) MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements (revised) is mandatory effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This revised Standard contains accounting requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when separate financial statements are prepared. The Company is required to account for those investments either at cost or in accordance with MFRS 9 in the separate financial statements.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing this Standard since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2013.

(g) MFRS 128 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (revised)* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This revised Standard defines the equity method of accounting whereby the investment in an associate or joint venture is initially measured at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the investor's share of net assets of the investee. The profit or loss of the investor includes its share of the profit or loss of the investee and the other comprehensive income of the investor includes its share of other comprehensive income of the investee.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing this Standard since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2013.

(h) MFRS 119 *Employee Benefits (revised)* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This revised Standard requires the Group to recognise all changes in the defined benefit obligations and in the fair value of related plan assets when those changes occur. The Group is also required to split the changes in the net defined benefit liability or asset into the following three components: service cost (presented in profit or loss), net interest on the net defined benefit liability (presented in profit or loss) and remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (presented in other comprehensive income and not recycled through profit or loss).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013 (continued)
 - (i) IC Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

This Interpretation clarifies that removed material that can be used to build up inventory is accounted for in accordance with the principles of MFRS 102 *Inventories*. The other removed material, that provides access to deeper levels of material that will be mined in future periods, is recognised as a non-current asset (referred to as a 'stripping activity asset') if recognition criteria are met. This Interpretation requires stripping activity assets to be measured at cost at initial recognition. Consequently, they are carried either at cost or revalued amount less depreciation or amortisation and any impairment losses.

The Group does not expect any material impact on the financial statements upon adoption of this Interpretation as this interpretation is not applicable to the Group.

(j) Amendments to MFRS 7 Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

These Amendments require disclosures that will enable users of an entity's financial statements to evaluate the effect or potential effect of netting arrangements, including rights of set-off associated with the entity's recognised financial assets and recognised financial liabilities, on the entity's financial position.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing these Amendments since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2013.

(k) Amendments to MFRS 132 *Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.

These Amendments provide the application guidance for criteria to offset financial assets and financial liabilities.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

5. ADOPTION OF NEW FRSs AND AMENDMENT TO FRSs (continued)

- 5.3 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012 and 1 January 2013 (continued)
 - (1) MFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* is mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

This Standard addresses the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. All financial assets shall be classified on the basis of the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, particular transaction costs. Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. However, changes due to own credit risk in relation to the fair value option for financial liabilities shall be recognised in other comprehensive income.

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of implementing this Standard since the effects would only be observable for the financial year ending 31 December 2015.

(m) Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures is effective immediately upon adoption of FRS 9.

This Amendment modifies the effective date of MFRS 9 from 1 January 2013 to 1 January 2015. Transitional provisions in MFRS 9 were also amended to provide certain relief from retrospective adjustments.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

6.1 Changes in estimates

Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Directors are of the opinion that there are no changes in estimates at the end of the reporting period.

6.2 Critical judgements made in applying accounting policies

The following judgements made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities

The determination and treatment of contingent liabilities is based on the Directors' and management's view of the expected outcome of the contingencies, after consulting legal counsel for litigation cases and internal and external experts to the Group for matters in the ordinary course of the business.

6.3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the time the assets are acquired based on historical experience, the expected usage, wear and tear of the assets, and technical obsolescence arising from changes in the market demands or service output of the assets. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed periodically and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to changes in factors mentioned above. Changes in these factors could impact the useful lives and the residual values of the assets; therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

6.3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(b) Impairment of assets

The Group determines whether an asset is impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to factors such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country.

Recoverable amount is measured at the higher of the fair value less cost to sell for that asset and its value in use. The value in use is the net present value of the projected future cash flows derived from that asset discounted at an appropriate discount rate. For such discounted cash flow method, it involves the use of estimated future results and a set of assumptions to reflect its income and cash flows. Judgement has also been used to determine the discount rate for cash flows and the future growth of the business.

(c) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and associates and amounts owing by subsidiaries and associates

The Company reviews the investments in subsidiaries and associates for impairment when there is an indication of impairment and assess the impairment of receivables on the amounts owing by subsidiaries and associates when the receivables are long outstanding.

The recoverable amounts of the investments in subsidiaries and associates and amounts owing by subsidiaries and associates are assessed by reference to the value in use of the respective subsidiaries and associates.

The value in use is the net present value of the projected future cash flows derived from the business operations of the respective subsidiaries and associates discounted at an appropriate discount rate. For such discounted cash flow method, it involves the use of estimated future results and a set of assumptions to reflect their income and cash flows. Judgement had also been used to determine the discount rate for the cash flows and the future growth of the businesses of the subsidiaries.

(d) Impairment of held-to-maturity investment

The Group makes impairment of held-to-maturity investment based on an assessment of whether there is a decline in the value of such investment that is other than temporary. The assessment involves judgement and is made based on amongst others, historical performance of the investment and current market conditions that may have an impact on the market value of the investment.

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6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

6.3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(e) Impairment of goodwill on consolidation

The Group determines whether goodwill on consolidation is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the subsidiaries to which goodwill is allocated. Estimating a value-in-use amount requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the subsidiaries and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

The calculations of the value-in-use amount is most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- (i) Growth rates. The forecasted growth rates are determined based on industry trends and past performance of the CGUs.
- (ii) Pre-tax discount rates. The discount rates reflect current market assessment of specific risks to each CGU. These discount rates have consistently been used by management as the benchmark rates to assess operating performance and to evaluate future investment proposals.

Further details are disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

(f) Impairment of receivables

The Group makes impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Impairment is applied to receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The management specifically analyses historical bad debts, customer concentration, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of impairment of receivables. Where expectations differ from the original estimates, the differences will impact the carrying amount of receivables.

(g) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the losses and capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

6.3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(h) Income taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the capital allowances and deductibility of certain expenses based on the interpretation of the tax laws and legislations during the estimation of the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognised liabilities for tax based on estimates of assessment of the tax liability due. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions, where applicable, in the period in which such determination is made.

(i) Write down for obsolete or slow moving inventories

The Group writes down its obsolete or slow moving inventories based on assessment of their estimated net selling price. Inventories are written down when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The management specifically analyses sales trend and current economic trends when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of the write down for obsolete or slow moving inventories. Where expectations differ from the original estimates, the differences will impact the carrying amount of inventories.

(j) Fair values of borrowings

The fair values of borrowings are estimated by discounting future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rates available to the Group for similar financial instruments. It is assumed that the effective interest rates approximate the current market interest rates available to the Group based on its size and its business risk.

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Group	Balance as at				Written	Balance as at
2011	1.1.2011 RM'000	Transfer RM'000	Additions* RM'000	Disposals RM'000	off RM'000	31.12.2011 RM'000
At cost						
Alarm and security system	303	-	161	(4)	(49)	411
Computers	3,518	-	434	(28)	(6)	3,918
Freehold properties	4,698	-	448	-	-	5,146
Furniture and fittings	8,163	-	2,699	(333)	(424)	10,105
Hearing equipment	35	-	18	(23)	-	30
Lab tools and equipment	2,009	-	-	-	-	2,009
Motor vehicles	3,934	-	-	(57)	-	3,877
Office equipment	774	-	77	(42)	(19)	790
Optical equipment	7,446	-	1,273	(236)	_	8,483
Renovation and electrical installations	5,685	398	1,512	(192)	(190)	7,213
Signboards	759	-	173	(24)	(13)	895
Construction-in-progress	398	(398)	-	-	-	
	37,722	-	6,795	(939)	(701)	42,877

^{*} Included in additions of property, plant and equipment are property, plant and equipment acquired from Hightex Vision Sdn. Bhd. with a cost of RM88,000 as disclosed in Note 39(a) to the financial statements.

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

Group	Balance as at	Charge for the financial		Written		Balance as at
2011	1.1.2011 RM'000	year RM'000	Disposals RM'000	off RM'000	Impairment RM'000	31.12.2011 RM'000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss						
Alarm and security system	222	36	(8)	(49)	8	209
Computers	2,122	791	(15)	(5)	-	2,893
Freehold properties	691	100	-	-	-	791
Furniture and fittings	2,554	873	(123)	(217)	-	3,087
Hearing equipment	1	5	(2)	-	-	4
Lab tools and equipment	1,785	37	-	-	-	1,822
Motor vehicles	1,740	752	(21)	-	-	2,471
Office equipment	463	86	(25)	(18)	-	506
Optical equipment	3,314	635	(110)	-	-	3,839
Renovation and electrical installations	1,613	602	(77)	(95)	377	2,420
Signboards	438	107	(10)	(8)	21	548
	14,943	4,024	(391)	(392)	406	18,590

FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

Group	Balance as at	Subsidiaries			Written	Balance as at
2010	14.4.2010 RM'000	acquired RM'000	Additions RM'000	Disposals RM'000	off RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000
At cost						
Alarm and security system	-	260	49	(4)	(2)	303
Computers	-	3,010	651	(29)	(114)	3,518
Freehold properties	-	4,250	448	-	-	4,698
Furniture and fittings	-	6,317	2,207	(102)	(259)	8,163
Hearing equipment	-	-	35	-	-	35
Lab tools and equipment	-	2,007	2	-	-	2,009
Motor vehicles	-	3,157	777	-	-	3,934
Office equipment	-	630	186	(2)	(40)	774
Optical equipment	-	6,421	1,352	(213)	(114)	7,446
Renovation and electrical installations	-	4,426	1,590	(83)	(65)	5,868
Signboards	-	688	188	(13)	(56)	807
Construction-in-progress		-	398	-	_	398
		31,166	7,883	(446)	(650)	37,953

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FOCUS POINT HOLDINGS BERHAD (884238 - U)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

Group	Balance as at	Subsidiaries	Charge for the financial		Written		Balance as at
2010	14.4.2010 RM'000	acquired RM'000	period RM'000	Disposals RM'000	off RM'000	Impairment RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss	1000	IXII 000	IIII 000		1000		TRIVE GOV
Alarm and security system	-	211	13	-	(2)	-	222
Computers	-	1,743	493	(16)	(98)	-	2,122
Freehold properties	-	629	62	-	-	-	691
Furniture and fittings	-	2,302	463	(29)	(182)	-	2,554
Hearing equipment	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Lab tools and equipment	-	1,705	80	-	-	-	1,785
Motor vehicles	-	1,343	397	-	-	-	1,740
Office equipment	-	448	55	(2)	(38)	-	463
Optical equipment	-	3,066	375	(44)	(83)	-	3,314
Renovation and electrical installations	-	1,468	311	(34)	(33)	84	1,796
Signboards		462	64	(9)	(54)	23	486
		13,377	2,314	(134)	(490)	107	15,174

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

	Group				
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000			
Net carrying amount					
Alarm and security system	202	81			
Computers	1,025	1,396			
Freehold properties	4,355	4,007			
Furniture and fittings	7,018	5,609			
Hearing equipment	26	34			
Lab tools and equipment	187	224			
Motor vehicles	1,406	2,194			
Office equipment	284	311			
Optical equipment	4,644	4,132			
Renovation and electrical installations	4,793	4,072			
Signboards	347	321			
Construction-in-progress		398			
	24,287	22,779			

(a) During the financial year, the Group made the following cash payments to purchase property, plant and equipment:

	Group			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Financed by hire-purchase arrangements	6,795 (154)	7,883 (1,488)		
Cash payments on purchase of property, plant and equipment	6,641	6,395		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

7. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**

(b) As at 31 December 2011, the net carrying amounts of the property, plant and equipment of the Group acquired under hire-purchase arrangements are as follows:

	Group			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Alarm	6	7		
Computers	44	119		
Furniture and fittings	524	857		
Motor vehicles	1,105	1,824		
Office equipment	-	22		
Optical equipment	917	1,365		
Renovation and electrical installations	426	680		
Signboards		2		
	3,022	4,876		

Details of the terms and conditions of the hire-purchase arrangements are disclosed in Notes 20 and 38 to the financial statements respectively.

(c) The net carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment of the Group pledged as securities for banking facilities granted to the Group (Notes 19, 21 and 22) are as follows:

	Group			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Freehold properties	4,355	4,007		

(d) As disclosed in Note 4.4 to the financial statements, the Group adopts the revaluation model for its freehold properties and will revalue with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of reporting period. The freehold properties were acquired at fair values in the previous financial year through acquisition of a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 33(c) to the financial statements.

The cost of the revalued freehold properties of the Group has not been disclosed due to the unavailability of the information and records.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Comp	Company			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000			
At cost:					
Unquoted shares	29,235	29,235			
Less: Impairment losses	(48)				
	29,187	29,235			

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation		est in eq pany 2010 %		eld by idiary 2010 %	Principal activities
Excelview Laser Eye Centre Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	Provision of medical eye care services
Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	Management of franchised professional eye care centres
Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	Retailing of optical and related products
Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	100	100	-	-	Trading of hearing aid solutions and related accessories
Subsidiaries of Focus Poin	t Vision Care Gr	oup Sd	n. Bhd			
Esprit Shoppe Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	100	Retailing of optical and related products
Focus Point Vision Care Group (OC) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	100	Ceased operations and has since remained dormant
Opulence Optometry Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	100	Ceased operations and has since remained dormant
Multiple Reward. Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	100	Ceased operations and has since remained dormant
Radiant Attraction Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	100	Retailing of optical and related products

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Interest in equity held by					
	Country of	Com	pany	Subs	idiary	
Name of company	incorporation	2011 %	2010 %	2011 %	2010 %	Principal activities
Subsidiaries of Focus Point	Vision Care Gr	oup Sd	n. Bhd.			
Eye-Zed Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	100	51	Retailing of optical and related products
Truesight Eyewear Optical Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	60	-	Retailing of optical and related products

^{*} Audited by BDO.

An impairment loss on investments in subsidiaries amounting to RM48,000 (2010: Nil) relating to a subsidiary, Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd., has been recognised during the financial year arising from the assessment of the current profitability of the business, the expectations on the industry growth and as a result of intense competition.

9. **INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES**

Group				
2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000			
107 (54)	107 (54)			
53	53			
419	326			
472	379			
	2011 RM'000 107 (54) 53 419			

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

9. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The details of the associates are as follows:

Name of company	Country of incorporation	Com		equity h Subs 2011 %	eld by sidiary 2010 %	Principal activities
Associates of Focus Poin	t Vision Care Gr	oup Sd	n. Bhd.	•		
Focus Point Vision Care Group (HP) Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	35	35	Retailing of optical and related products
Green Ace Formation Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	49	49	In the process of voluntary winding up
Zania Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	-	-	20	20	Ceased operations and has since remained dormant

^{*} Associates not audited by BDO.

The summarised financial information of the associates are as follows:

	Group			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Assets and liabilities				
Current assets	1,982	1,763		
Non-current assets	2,175	2,260		
Total assets	4,157	4,023		
Current liabilities	2,321	2,409		
Non-current liabilities	5	21		
Total liabilities	2,326	2,430		
Results				
Revenue	6,494	6,755		
Profit for the financial year	365	395		

In the previous financial year, the Company's subsidiary, namely Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. disposed of its entire equity interests in Seen@International Pte. Ltd., comprising 70,000 ordinary shares of SGD1 each at par for a total cash consideration of SGD60,000, which is equivalent to approximately RM148,000.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

10. **HELD-TO-MATURIY INVESTMENT**

	Group			
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Non-current Financial asset, held-to-maturity - Malaysian quoted unit trust				
Carrying amount	-	500		
Market value	<u> </u>	491		

The Directors are of the opinion that the decline in the market value of the unit trust has no implication on the carrying amount as the unit trust is capital protected by the issuer for the first thirty-six (36) months.

On 8 July 2011, the unit trust had matured and the Company disposed off its entire investment in the unit trust for a total consideration of RM501,000, which resulted in a gain of RM1,000.

The unit trust was pledged as securities for banking facilities granted to the Group and to the Company as disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

11. GOODWILL ON CONSOLIDATION

	Group	
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Balance as at 1 January 2011/14 April 2010 Additions through acquisitions of subsidiaries (Note 33) Less: Impairment losses	410 - (410)	- 411 (1)
Carrying amount		410

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

11. GOODWILL ON CONSOLIDATION (continued)

(a) Goodwill arising from business combinations has been allocated to two individual cash-generating units ('CGU') for impairment testing as follows:

	Optical related products RM'000	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost	401	10	411
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(401)	(10)	(411)
Carrying amount		-	-

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's operating divisions which represent the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

(b) The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been determined based on value in use calculations using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a four-year period. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections and the forecasted growth rates used to extrapolate cash flows for the five-year period are as follows:

	2011		2	010
	Optical related products	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories	Optical related products	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories
Growth rates Pre-tax discount rates	10% 5.60%	10% 5.60%	8% - 20% 5.68%	20% 5.68%

A reasonable change in the assumptions above would not cause any impairment loss on goodwill. The calculations of value in use for the CGUs are most sensitive to the following assumptions:

(i) Growth rates

The forecasted growth rate are determined based on the industry trends and past performance of the CGUs.

(ii) Pre-tax discount rates

Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks specific to each CGU. This is the benchmark used by management to assess operating performance and to evaluate future investment proposals. Thus, management used a pre-tax discount rate of 5.68%, which is the Group's weighted average cost of funds in determining the recoverable amounts of the CGUs.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

11. GOODWILL ON CONSOLIDATION (continued)

- (c) An impairment loss on goodwill amounting RM247,000, RM153,000 and RM10,000 respectively relating to subsidiaries, Esprit Shoppe Sdn. Bdh., Radiant Attaction Sdn. Bhd. and Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd. has been recognised during the financial year due to declining business operations. Esprit Shoppe Sdn. Bhd. and Radiant Attraction Sdn. Bhd. are classified under the optical related products CGU and Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd. is classified under the hearing aid solutions and related accessories CGU.
- (d) An impairment loss on goodwill amounting RM980 relating to a subsidiary, Multiple Reward Sdn. Bhd., had been recognised in the previous financial year due to declining business operations. This subsidiary is classified under the optical related products CGU.

12. **DEFERRED TAX**

(a) The deferred tax assets and liabilities are made up of the following:

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Balance as at 1 January 2011 / 14 April 2010 Addition through acquisition of a	821	-	
subsidiary (Note 33)	-	464	
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 30)	54	357	
Balance as at 31 December	875	821	

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Presented after appropriate offsetting: Deferred tax assets	(296)	(283)	
Deferred tax liabilities	1,171	1,104	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

12. **DEFERRED TAX (continued)**

(b) The components and movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities of the Group

	Property, plant and equipment		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
At 1 January 2011/14 April 2010 Addition through acquisition of a subsidiary	1,154	-	
(Note 33)	-	646	
Recognised in profit or loss	105	508	
At 31 December, prior to offsetting	1,259	1,154	
Offsetting	(88)	(50)	
At 31 December, after offsetting	1,171	1,104	

Deferred tax assets of the Group

	Deferred franchise fees RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2011 Recognised in profit or loss	(265) (8)	(68) (43)	(333) (51)
At 31 December 2011, prior to offsetting	(273)	(111)	(384)
Offsetting		88	88
At 31 December 2011, after offsetting	(273)	(23)	(296)
At 14 April 2010 Addition through acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 33) Recognised in profit or loss	(182) (83)	- (68)	(182) (151)
At 31 December 2010, prior to offsetting	(265)	(68)	(333)
Offsetting		50	50
At 31 December 2010, after offsetting	(265)	(18)	(283)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

12. **DEFERRED TAX (continued)**

(c) The amount of temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised in the statements of financial position are as follows:

	Gro	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Unused tax losses Unabsorbed capital allowances Other temporary differences	139 252 (112)	79 201 (74)		
	279	206		

Deferred tax assets of certain subsidiaries have not been recognised in respect of these items as it is not probable that taxable profits of the subsidiaries will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under the current tax legislation.

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Gre	Group		pany
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Non-current				
Trade receivables				
Third parties	1,125	1,665	-	-
Other receivables				
Third parties	203			
	1 220	1.665		
	1,328	1,665		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

	Group		Company	
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Current Trade receivables				
Third parties Amount owing by an associate	7,543 234	8,125 303		
	7,777	8,428	-	-
Less: Impairment loss	(663)	(584)	-	-
	7,114	7,844	-	-
Other receivables Third parties	443	271	2	13
Amount owing by a subsidiary Amount owing by an associate	- 2	- 2	7,825	1,251
rimount owing by an associate	445	273	7,827	1,264
Loans and receivables	7,559	8,117	7,827	1,264
Deposits and prepayments				
Deposits Prepayments	8,232 1,054	7,574 1,240	- 4	- 4
	9,286	8,814	4	4
	16,845	16,931	7,831	1,268

- (a) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and the normal credit terms granted by the Group and the Company range from cash terms to 75 days (2010: cash terms to 60 days) from date of invoice. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts, which represent their fair values on initial recognition.
- (b) Included in trade receivables of the Group are amounts owing by franchisees for the sales of non-trade goods and fixed assets by the Group amounting to RM2,958,000 (2010: RM4,764,000) which are subject to interest rates ranging from Nil to 10.00% (2010: Nil to 10.00%); amounts of RM1,833,000 (2010: RM3,099,000) are current.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

- (c) Included in other receivables of the Group are amounts owing by franchisees for the disposal of fixed assets by the Group amounting to RM282,000 (2010: Nil) which are subject to interest rates ranging from Nil to 10.00% (2010: Nil); amounts of RM79,000 (2010: Nil) are current.
- (d) Amount owing by a subsidiary represents balances arising from non-trade transactions and payments made on behalf, which are unsecured, interest-free and payable upon demand in cash and cash equivalents.
- (e) Amount owing by an associate represents balances arising from trade transactions and payments made on behalf, which are unsecured, interest-free and payable upon demand in cash and cash equivalents.
- (f) Included in deposits of the Group are tenant deposits amounting to RM8,179,000 (2010: RM7,491,000), which is in respect of rental of business premises in accordance with rental agreements.
- (g) All trade and other receivables are denominated in RM.
- (h) The ageing analysis of trade receivables of the Group are as follows:

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Neither past due nor impaired	7,576	9,266	
Past due, not impaired 76 to 105 days (2010: 61 to 90 days) 106 to 135 days (2010: 91 to 120 days) 136 to 165 days (2010: 121 to 150 days) More than 166 days (2010: More than 151 days)	173 39 136 315	129 63 16 35	
Past due and impaired	663 663	243 584	
Tust due une impaired	8,902	10,093	

During the financial year, the normal credit terms granted by the Group and the Company has changed to cash term to 75 days (2010: cash term to 60 days).

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group.

None of the trade receivables of the Group that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(h) The ageing analysis of trade receivables of the Group are as follows (continued):

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

At the end of the reporting period, trade receivables that are past due but not impaired possess high creditworthiness and good payment records.

Receivables that are past due and impaired

Trade receivables of the Group that are past due and impaired at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Individually impaired		
Crown	2011 RM'000		
Group	KIVI UUU	RM'000	
Trade receivables, gross	663	584	
Less: Impairment loss	(663)	(584)	
		-	

(i) The reconciliation of movements in the impairment loss are as follows:

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
At 1 January 2011 / 14 April 2010	584	-	
Additions through acquisitions of subsidiaries	-	214	
Charge for the financial year/period (Note 29)	487	370	
Written off	(268)	-	
Reversal of impairment loss	(140)	-	
At 31 December	663	584	

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the end of the reporting period relate to those debtors that exhibit significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

Bad debts written off against impairment loss during the financial year amounted to RM268,000 (2010: Nil) for the Group.

(j) Information of financial risks of trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

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14. **INVENTORIES**

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
At cost			
Optical and related products	942	732	
Hearing aids and related accessories	50	39	
Operation consumables	18	18	
A4 ma4 maalisahla malma	1,010	789	
At net realisable value	22.054	24.611	
Optical and related products	33,054	24,611	
	34,064	25,400	

The amounts recognised in cost of sales during the financial year include the following:

	Gro	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Inventories written down Reversal of inventories previously written down Inventories written off	(20) 150	565		
	130	565		

The Group reversed RM20,000 (2010: Nil) in respect of inventories previously written down as the Group was able to sell these inventories above their carrying amounts.

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15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following as at the end of the reporting period:

	Group		Company		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Cash and bank balances Fixed deposits with licensed	6,124	4,613	2,221	3,339	
banks	7,856	15,190	1,364	6,329	
As stated in statements of financial position Bank overdrafts included in	13,980	19,803	3,585	9,668	
borrowings (Note 21)		(1,343)		-	
Less: Fixed deposits pledged	13,980	18,460	3,585	9,668	
to licensed banks	(6,492)	(5,282)			
As stated in statements of cash flows	7,488	13,178	3,585	9,668	

- (a) Bank balances are deposits held at call with licensed banks, which are denominated in RM.
- (b) Fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group and of the Company have an average maturity period of 365 days (2010: 365 days) with interest rates ranging from 2.55% to 3.25% (2010: 2.00% to 3.20%) and 2.85% (2010: 2.80%) per annum respectively.
- (c) Included in the fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group are RM6,492,000 (2010: RM5,282,000) pledged to licensed banks as securities for banking facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.
- (d) Information on financial risk of cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

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16. SHARE CAPITAL

The movements in the authorised share capital of the Group and the Company are as follows:

	Par value RM	2011 Number of ordinary shares	RM'000	Par value RM	2010 Number of ordinary shares	RM'000
Ordinary shares: At 1 January/ Date of incorporation	0.20	250,000,000	50,000	1.00	100,000	100
Sub-division of the par value of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into RM0.20 each	_	-	-	0.20	500,000	100
Increase during the year	-			0.20	249,500,000	49,900
At 31 December		250,000,000	50,000		250,000,000	50,000

The movements in the issued and paid-up share capital of the Group and the Company are as follows:

	Par value RM	2011 Number of ordinary shares	RM'000	Par value RM	2010 Number of ordinary shares	RM'000
Ordinary shares: At 1 January/						
Date of incorporation	0.20	165,000,000	33,000	1.00	2	*
Sub-division of the par value of ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into RM0.20 each Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to acquisition of a	-	-	-	0.20	10	*
subsidiary	-	-	-	0.20	123,799,990	24,760
Shares issued pursuant to public issue	-			0.20	41,200,000	8,240
At 31 December		165,000,000	33,000		165,000,000	33,000

^{*} Represents RM2

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16. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

- (a) In the previous financial year, the Company subdivided its ordinary share capital as follows:
 - (i) authorised share capital of RM100,000 comprising 100,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into 500,000 ordinary shares of RM0.20 each; and
 - (ii) issued and paid up share capital of RM2.00 comprising 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into 10 ordinary shares of RM0.20 each.

Subsequently, the Company increased its authorised share capital from RM100,000 divided into 500,000 ordinary shares of RM0.20 each to RM50,000,000 by the creation of 249,500,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.20 each.

- (b) In the previous financial year, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with the vendors of Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. for the acquisition of 10,000,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each, representing the entire issued and paid-up share capital of Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd., for a total consideration of RM24,760,395 based on the audited consolidated net assets of Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. as at 31 December 2009 of RM24,760,395. The purchase consideration was satisfied by the issuance of 123,799,990 new ordinary shares in the Company at an issue price of approximately RM0.20 per ordinary share.
- (c) In the previous financial year, the Company was listed on the Ace Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and made a public issue of 41,200,000 ordinary shares at RM0.39 each. The total proceeds from the public issue is RM16,069,000.
- (d) The owners of the parent are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company and are entitled to one (1) vote per ordinary share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank pari passu with regard to the Company's residual assets.

17. **RESERVES**

	Gre	Group		pany
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Non-distributable: Share premium	7,096	7,096	7,096	7,096
Distributable: Retained earnings	9,903	6,228	493	36
	16,999	13,324	7,589	7,132

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17. **RESERVES** (continued)

Retained earnings

The Company is under the single tier system and as a result, there is no restriction on the Company to frank the payment of dividends out of its entire retained earnings as at the end of the reporting period.

18. **BORROWINGS**

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Current liabilities			
Term loans - secured (Note 19) Bankers' acceptances - secured (Note 22) Hire-purchase liabilities (Note 20) Bank overdrafts - secured (Note 21)	368 10,911 1,201	1,559 12,133 1,363 1,343	
	12,480	16,398	
Non-current liabilities Term loans - secured (Note 19) Hire-purchase liabilities (Note 20)	1,911 822	3,142 1,741	
	2,733	4,883	
Total borrowings			
Term loans - secured (Note 19) Bankers' acceptances - secured (Note 22) Hire-purchase liabilities (Note 20) Bank overdrafts - secured (Note 21)	2,279 10,911 2,023	4,701 12,133 3,104 1,343	
	15,213	21,281	

All borrowings are denominated in RM.

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19. TERM LOANS

- (a) Term loans of the Group are secured by:
 - (i) personal guarantees from the Directors of the Group;
 - (ii) a charge over the Group's freehold properties with a net carrying amount of RM4,355,000 (2010: RM4,007,000) as disclosed in Note 7(c) to the financial statements;
 - (iii) a charge over the Group's held-to-maturity investment in unit trust of RM500,000 in the previous financial year as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements; and
 - (iv) a charge over the Group's fixed deposits of RM6,492,000 (2010: RM5,282,000) as disclosed in Note 15(c) to the financial statements.
- (b) The term loans of the Group bear interest ranging from 4.15% to 7.60% (2010: 4.15% to 7.05%) per annum respectively.
- (c) The term loans are repayable by equal monthly instalments ranging from 36 to 120 months and there are no fixed repricing periods for these loans.
- (d) Significant covenants for the secured term loans are as follows:
 - (i) Gearing ratio of the Group shall not at any time exceed 1.6 times throughout the tenure of the credit facilities granted in relation to the term loans amounting to RM277,000 of a subsidiary; and
 - (ii) Gearing ratio of the Group shall not exceed 3.0 times throughout the tenure of the facilities in relation to a term loan amounting to RM357,000 of a subsidiary.
- (e) Information on financial risks of term loans and their remaining maturities is disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

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20. HIRE-PURCHASE LIABILITIES

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Minimum hire-purchase payments - not later than one (1) year - later than one (1) year and not later than	1,295	1,518	
five (5) years	869	1,847	
Total minimum hire-purchase payments Less: Future interest charges	2,164 (141)	3,365 (261)	
Present value of hire-purchase liabilities	2,023	3,104	
Repayable as follows:			
Current liabilities: - not later than one (1) year	1,201	1,363	
Non-current liabilities: - later than one (1) year and not later than			
five (5) years	822	1,741	
	2,023	3,104	

- (a) Hire-purchase liabilities of the Group bear interest ranging from 2.22% to 12.00% (2010: 2.22% to 12.00%) per annum respectively.
- (b) Information on financial risks of hire-purchase liabilities is disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

21. BANK OVERDRAFTS

- (a) Bank overdrafts of the Group are secured by:
 - (i) personal guarantees from the Directors of the Group;
 - (ii) a charge over the Group's freehold properties with a net carrying amount of RM4,355,000 (2010: RM4,007,000) as disclosed in Note 7(c) to the financial statements; and
 - (iii) a charge over the Group's fixed deposits of RM6,492,000 (2010: RM5,282,000) as disclosed in Note 15(c) to the financial statements.
- (b) the weighted average effective interest rate of bank overdrafts of the Group in the previous financial year is 6.93% per annum.

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22. BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES

- (a) Bankers' acceptances of the Group are secured by:
 - (i) personal guarantees from the Directors of the Group;
 - (ii) a charge over the Group's freehold properties with a net carrying amount of RM4,355,000 (2010: RM4,007,000) as disclosed in Note 7(c) to the financial statements;
 - (iii) a charge over the Group's held-to-maturity investment in unit trust of RM500,000 in the previous financial year as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements; and
 - (iv) a charge over the Group's fixed deposits of RM6,492,000 (2010: RM5,282,000) as disclosed in Note 15(c) to the financial statements.
- (b) The bankers' acceptances of the Group bear interest ranging from 4.66% to 4.83% (2010: 4.22% to 4.89%) per annum respectively.

23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Trade payables				
Third parties	12,749	6,601	-	-
Other payables and accruals				
Other payables				
- Third parties	3,124	2,994	*	16
- Amounts owing to				
associates	35	88	-	-
- Amount owing to a related				
party	80	-	-	-
Deposits received	4,080	3,702	-	-
Accruals	3,864	3,158	50	41
	11,183	9,942	50	57
	23,932	16,543	50	57

^{*} Represents RM87

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23. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

- (a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and the normal credit terms granted to the Group by suppliers range from 30 to 90 days (2010: 30 to 90 days) from date of invoice.
- (b) Amounts owing to associates represent balances arising from payments made on behalf, which are unsecured, interest-free and payable upon demand in cash and cash equivalents.
- (c) Amount owing to a related party arising from non-trade transactions are unsecured, interest-free and payable upon demand in cash and cash equivalents.
- (d) Included in deposits received of the Group are tenant deposits received from franchisees amounting to RM2,555,000 (2010: RM2,448,000), which is in respect of rental of business premises in accordance with rental agreements.
- (e) Included in deposits received of the Group is a sinking fund amounting to RM693,000 (2010: RM582,000), which is in respect of funds received from the franchisees for the repair and maintenance of the franchise outlets.
- (f) The currency exposure profile of payables are as follows:

	Group		Com	pany
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
European Euro	1,799	1,284	-	-
United States dollar	1,512	649	-	-
Hong Kong dollar	*	2	-	-
Japanese Yen	1	-	-	-
Singapore dollar	121	28		
Ringgit Malaysia	20,499	14,580	50	57
	23,932	16,543	50	57

^{*} Represents RM358

(g) Information of financial risks of trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

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24. **DEFERRED INCOME**

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Balance as at 1 January 2011/14 April 2010 Addition through acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 33) Franchise fees received during the financial year/period Recognised as income during the financial year/period	1,386 - 540 (625)	1,202 415 (231)	
Balance as at 31 December	1,301	1,386	
Analysed as follows: Current liabilities: - not later than one (1) year	464	388	
Non-current liabilities: - later than one (1) year and not later than five (5) years	837	998	
	1,301	1,386	

Deferred income of the Group represents franchise fees received in advance upon signing of agreement.

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25. **COMMITMENTS**

(a) Operating lease commitments

The Group has entered into non-cancellable lease agreements for business premises, resulting in future rental commitments. The Group has aggregate future minimum lease commitments as at the end of the reporting period as follows:

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Branches			
Not later than one (1) year	13,928	13,618	
Later than one (1) year and not later than five (5) years	8,954	10,404	
Later than five (5) years	28		
	22,910	24,022	
Franchisees			
Not later than one (1) year	5,842	7,107	
Later than one (1) year and not later than five (5) years	2,616	3,958	
	8,458	11,065	

The Group has back-to-back arrangement with its franchisees on the rental commitments. The Group enters into rental agreements for the business premises with third parties and subsequently, sub-lease these business premises to the franchisees. The rental expenses will be borne by the franchisees.

(b) Capital commitments

	Gre	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000		
Capital expenditure in respect of purchase of property, plant and equipment:				
Contracted but not provided for		380		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

26. **REVENUE**

	Gre	oup	Com	pany
	1.1.2011	14.4.2010	1.1.2011	1.1.2010
	to	to	to	to
	31.12.2011 RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000	31.12.2011 RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000
Sale of goods	115,165	71,391	-	-
Services rendered	1,378	967	-	-
Franchise fees income	414	236	-	-
Licensing fees income	152	157	-	-
Royalty fees income	3,117	1,898	-	-
Gross dividend income				
from subsidiaries			4,192	1,700
	120,226	74,649	4,192	1,700

27. **COST OF SALES**

	Gro	Group		
	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000		
Inventories sold Services rendered	49,240 472	29,753 335		
	49,712	30,088		

28. FINANCE COSTS

	Gre	Group		
	1.1.2011	14.4.2010		
	to	to		
	31.12.2011	31.12.2010		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Interest expense on:				
- hire-purchase	158	129		
- term loans	194	231		
- bankers' acceptances	496	338		
- bank overdrafts	1	20		
- others	200	20		
	1,049	738		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

29. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

		Gre	oup	Com	pany
		1.1.2011 to	14.4.2010 to	1.1.2011 to	1.1.2010 to
	Note	31.12.2011 RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000	31.12.2011 RM'000	31.12.2010 RM'000
Profit before tax is arrived at after charging:					
Auditors' remuneration:					
- statutory audits		166	151	41	36
- other services		7	22	7	22
Bad debts written off		45	14	-	-
Depreciation of property,					
plant and equipment	7	4,024	2,314	_	_
Deposits forfeited		-	6	_	_
Directors' remuneration:					
- fees		119	95	119	95
- emoluments other than fees		2,780	2,231	_	_
Impairment losses on:		,	,		
- property, plant and					
equipment	7	406	107	-	-
- investments in subsidiaries	8	-	-	48	-
- trade receivables	13	487	370	-	-
- goodwill on consolidation	11	410	1	-	-
Interest expense on:					
- hire-purchase		158	129	-	-
- term loans		194	231	-	-
- bankers' acceptances		496	338	-	-
- bank overdrafts		1	20	-	-
- others		200	20	-	-
Inventories written down	14	-	565	-	-
Inventories written off	14	150	-	-	-
Listing expenses		-	1,372	-	1,372
Loss on disposal of an					
associate		-	12	-	-
Loss on disposal of property,					
plant and equipment		28	38	-	-
Property, plant and	_				
equipment written off	7	309	160	-	-
Realised loss on foreign		40-			
currency transactions		196	-	-	-
Rental of premises		17,685	10,884	-	-
Loss on realisation of			0.2		
derivative assets		-	83	-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

29. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)**

		Gr	oup	Company	
	Note	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000
And crediting:					
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of held-to-		65	-	-	-
maturity investment Gross dividends received		1	-	-	-
- subsidiary (unquoted)		-	-	4,192	1,700
Interest income received from:					
- fixed deposits		271	161	91	70
- others		584	245	10	34
Management fee		-	15	-	-
Negative goodwill	33	-	3,185	-	-
Realised gain on foreign					
currency transactions		57	224	-	-
Rental income		129	170	-	-
Reversal of inventories					
previously written down	14	20	-	-	-
Reversal of impairment					
loss on receivables	13	140			

30. TAX EXPENSE

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000
Current tax expense based on profit for the financial year/period	2,923	2,817	38	82
Deferred tax (Note 12)	73	228		
	2,996	3,045	38	82
(Over)/Under-provision in prior years:				
Income tax Deferred tax (Note 12)	(768) (19)	5 129	8 -	-
	(787)	134	8	
	2,209	3,179	46	<u>82</u>

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30. TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Malaysian income tax is calculated at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2010: 25%) of the estimated taxable profits for the fiscal year.

The numerical reconciliation between the tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000
Profit before tax	9,170	9,393	3,803	124
Taxation at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% (2010: 25%)	2,293	2,348	951	31
Tax effect in respect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Non-taxable income Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital	686 (1)	1,453 (808)	118 (1,031)	379 (328)
allowances not recognised in loss making subsidiaries	18_	52		
(Over)/Under-provision in prior	2,996	3,045	38	82
years: - income tax - deferred tax	(768) (19)	5 129	8	<u>-</u>
Tax expense for the financial year/period	2,209	3,179	46	82

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31. **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

(a) Basic earnings per ordinary share

Basic earnings per ordinary share for the financial period is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	Group		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	6,974	6,234	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) Effect of:	165,000	-	
- public issue		137,574	
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares applicable to basic earnings per ordinary			
share ('000)	165,000	137,574	
	2011 Sen	2010 Sen	
Basic earnings per ordinary share	4.23	4.53	

(b) Diluted earnings per ordinary share

Diluted earnings per ordinary share is not presented as there is no dilutive potential ordinary share.

32. **DIVIDENDS**

	Group and	Group and Company		
	Gross dividend per share sen	Amount of dividend after tax RM'000		
2010				
Interim single tier tax exempt dividend Final single tier tax exempt dividend	1.5 0.5	2,475 825		
	2.0	3,300		

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32. **DIVIDENDS** (continued)

The interim and final single tier tax exempt dividend of 1.5 sen and 0.5 sen per ordinary shares respectively are in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2010 and were declared after the financial year ended 31 December 2010 and paid to shareholders on 4 April 2011 and 1 August 2011 respectively.

The Directors propose a final single tier tax exempt dividend of 2.0 sen per ordinary share amounting to RM3,300,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2011, subject to the approval of members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) On 20 June 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. acquired the remaining 49% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of Eye-Zed Sdn. Bhd. ("EZSB") for a total cash consideration of RM97,086.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of EZSB as at the date of acquisition are as follows:

	2011 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	80
Inventories	95
Trade and other receivables	59
Cash and cash equivalents	20
Trade and other payables	(54)
Total identifiable net assets	200
Less: Fair value of 51% equity interest held previously as subsidiary	(102)
Total identifiable net assets acquired (at 49%)	98
Purchase consideration settled in cash	(97)
Gain on bargain purchase	1

The acquisition has no material impact to the Group financial statements.

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

(b) On 25 October 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. incorporated a 60% owned subsidiary known as Truesight Eyewear Optical Sdn. Bhd. ("TEOSB") with an initial issued and paid-up share capital of RM10 comprising 10 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. The total cash consideration paid was RM6.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of TEOSB as at the date of incorporation are as follows:

incorporation are as follows.	
	2011 RM'000
Cash/Total cost of acquisition	*
The effects of the incorporation of TEOSB on cash flows are as follow	/S:
	2011 RM'000
Incorporation expenses settled in cash	*
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary incorporated	*
Net cash outflow of the Group on incorporation	-
* represents RM6.00	
TEOSB has contributed the following results to the Group for the fire the incorporation date:	nancial year from
	2011 RM'000
Revenue	179
Loss for the financial year	(22)

2010

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(c) In the previous financial year, the Company acquired the entire equity interests in Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. comprising 10,000,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each at par by the issuance of 123,799,990 new ordinary shares in the Company at an issue price of approximately RM0.20 per ordinary share.

The acquired subsidiary has contributed the following results to the Group in the previous financial period:

RM'000
74,642 6.192

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2010, the Group's results would have been as follows:

	2010 RM'000
Revenue	113,767
Profit for the financial year	6,318

The summary of effects on acquisition of the subsidiary on acquisition date was as follows:

	Fair values recognised on acquisition RM'000	Acquiree's carrying amounts RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	17,789	17,789
Investments in associates	529	529
Held-to-maturity investment	500	500
Goodwill on consolidation	248	248
Inventories	21,310	21,310
Trade and other receivables	23,581	23,581
Cash and cash equivalents	4,779	4,779
Derivative assets	83	83
Current tax liabilities	(1,624)	(1,624)
Trade and other payables	(17,950)	(17,950)
Deferred income	(1,202)	(1,202)
Minority interests	(503)	(503)
Deferred tax liabilities	(464)	(464)
Borrowings	(19,131)	(19,131)
Net assets acquired	27,945	27,945
Negative goodwill	(3,185)	
Total cost of acquisition	24,760	

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(c) In the previous financial year, the Company acquired the entire equity interests in Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. comprising 10,000,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each at par by the issuance of 123,799,990 new ordinary shares in the Company at an issue price of approximately RM0.20 per ordinary share. (continued)

The cash inflow on acquisition was as follows:

	RM'000
Purchase consideration settled by: - Issuance of shares - Share premium	24,760
	24,760
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary acquired	4,779
Net cash inflow of the Group on acquisition	4,779

^{*} Represents RM397

- (d) In the previous financial year, the Group undertook an internal restructuring, by entering into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. for the acquisitions of the following:
 - (i) 50,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each, representing the entire issued and paidup share capital of Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd., for a total consideration of RM3,380,693 based on the audited net assets of Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd. as at 31 December 2009 of RM3,380,693; and
 - (ii) 300,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each, representing the entire issued and paidup share capital of Excelview Laser Eye Centre Sdn. Bhd., for a total consideration of RM793,725 based on the audited net assets of Excelview Laser Eye Centre Sdn. Bhd. as at 31 December 2009 of RM793,725.

The internal restructuring has no material impact to the Group financial statements.

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(e) In the previous financial year, the Company acquired the entire equity interests of Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd. comprising 10 ordinary shares of RM1 each at par for a total consideration of RM10. Following the acquisition, the Company subscribed for an additional 299,990 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in Sound Point Hearing Solution Sdn. Bhd. for a cash consideration of RM299,990.

The acquired subsidiary has contributed the following results to the Group in the previous financial period:

	2010 RM'000
Revenue	7
Profit for the financial period	(20)

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2010, the Group's results would have been as follows:

	RM'000
Revenue	74,649
Profit for the financial year	6,214

The summary of effects on acquisition of the subsidiary on acquisition date was as follows:

	Fair values recognised on acquisition RM'000	Acquiree's carrying amounts RM'000
Other payables	(10)	(10)
Goodwill on consolidation	10	
Total purchase consideration settled in cash	**	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents acquired		
Net cash outflow of the Group on acquisition	**	

^{**} Represents RM10

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33. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(f) In the previous financial year, the Company's subsidiary, namely Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. acquired the remaining 49% equity interests of Radiant Attraction Sdn. Bhd. ("RASB") comprising 122,500 ordinary shares of RM1 each at par for a total consideration of RM534,000. This give rise to goodwill on consolidation of RM153,000.

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of RASB as at the date of acquisition are as follows:

2010 RM'000
231
518
146
28
144
(271)
(19)
777
(396)
381
153
534

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34. **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

	Gre	oup	Company		
	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	
Wages, salaries and bonuses Contributions to defined	23,482	15,490	119	95	
contribution plan	3,325	2,055	-	-	
Social security contributions	301	197	-	-	
Other benefits	5,185	3,481			
	32,293	21,223	119	95	

Included in the employee benefits of the Group and of the Company are Directors' remuneration amounting to RM2,899,000 (2010: RM2,326,000) and RM119,000 (2010: RM95,000) respectively.

35. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Identities of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

The Company has controlling related party relationship with its direct and indirect subsidiaries.

Related parties of the Group include:

- (i) Direct and indirect subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements;
- (ii) Indirect associates as disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements:
- (iii) Companies in which certain Directors of the Company have substantial financial interest; and
- (iv) Key management personnel who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Company, and certain members of the senior management of the Group.

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35. **RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)**

(b) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the financial year:

	Gr	oup	Company		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Associates:					
Sale of goods	1,269	888	-	-	
Licensing fees received/					
receivable	111	69	-	-	
Companies in which certain Directors of the Company have substantial financial interests					
Marketing charges	-	83	-	-	
Purchase of assets	-	11	-	-	
Directors Acquisition of shares of a		24,760		24.760	
subsidiary		24,700		24,760	

The related party transactions described above were carried out on terms and conditions not materially different from those obtainable from transactions with unrelated parties except for licensing fees received/ receivable from an associate which are charged at 2% (2010: 2%) of monthly gross sales while other licensees of the Group are charged at 5% (2010: 5%) of monthly gross sales.

Information regarding outstanding balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 December 2011 is disclosed in Notes 13 and 23 to the financial statements.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly and indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group.

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35. **RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)**

(c) Compensation of key management personnel (continued)

The remuneration of Directors and other key management personnel during the financial year/period was as follows:

	Gre	oup	Com	pany
	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	14.4.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000	1.1.2011 to 31.12.2011 RM'000	1.1.2010 to 31.12.2010 RM'000
Short term employee benefits Contributions to defined	3,022	2,145	119	95
contribution plan	365	338		
	3,387	2,483	119	95

36. **OPERATING SEGMENTS**

Focus Point Holdings Berhad and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in operation of professional eye care centres, trading of eyewear and eye care products, management of franchised professional eye care centres, provision of medical eye care services, trading of hearing aid solutions and related accessories and investment holding.

The Group has arrived at four (4) reportable segments that are organised and managed separately according to the nature of products and services, specific expertise and technologies requirements, which requires different business and marketing strategies. The reportable segments are summarised as follows:

(i) Optical related products

Retailing of optical related products

(ii) Franchise management

Franchise management relating to optical and optometric products.

(iii) Laser eye surgery treatment

Providing laser eye surgery treatment to various refractive errors.

(iv) Hearing aid solutions and related accessories

Retailing of hearing aid solutions and related accessories

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36. **OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

Other operating segment that does not constitute reportable segment comprises investment holding.

The accounting policies of operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The Group evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operations before tax excluding non-recurring losses, such as restructuring costs and goodwill impairment.

Inter-segment revenue is priced along the same lines as sales to external customers and is eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. These policies have been applied consistently throughout the current financial year.

Segment assets exclude tax assets and segment liabilities exclude tax liabilities. Details are provided in the reconciliations from segment assets and liabilities to the Group position.

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2011	Optical related products RM'000	Franchise management RM'000	Laser eye surgery treatment RM'000	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Revenue Total revenue	116,557	3,852	1,378	48	4,192	126,027
Inter-segment revenue	(1,439)	(170)	-	-	(4,192)	(5,801)
Revenue from external customers	115,118	3,682	1,378	48	-	120,226
Results						
Segment results	5,946	3,648	109	(26)	(441)	9,236
Interest income	751	2	-	1	101	855
Finance costs	(1,046)	-	-	(3)	-	(1,049)
Share of profit of associates	128	-	-	-		128
Profit before tax Income tax expense					_	9,170 (2,209)
Profit for the financial year					=	6,961

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2011	Optical related products RM'000	Franchise management RM'000	Laser eye surgery treatment RM'000	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets						
Segment assets	84,599	1,417	642	255	3,591	90,504
Investments in associates	472	-	-	-	-	472
	85,071	1,417	642	255	3,591	90,976
Liabilities						_
Segment liabilities	38,153	2,133	107	4	49	40,446
Other segment information						
Depreciation	3,946	-	67	11	-	4,024
Impairment losses on property, plant						
and equipment	406	-	-	-	-	406
Impairment losses on goodwill	400	-	-	10	-	410
Impairment losses on trade receivables	487	-	-	-	-	487
Bad debts written off	45	-	-	-	-	45
Property, plant and equipment written off	309	-	-	-	-	309
Reversal of impairment losses on receivables	(140)	-	-	-	-	(140)
Inventories written off	150	-	-	-	-	150
Reversal of inventories previously written						
down	(20)	-	-	-	-	(20)
Net gain on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	(34)	-	-	(3)	-	(37)

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2010	Optical related products RM'000	Franchise management RM'000	Laser eye surgery treatment RM'000	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Revenue Total revenue	72,167	2,430	967	7	1,700	77,271
Inter-segment revenue	(783)	(139)	-	-	(1,700)	(2,622)
Revenue from external customers	71,384	2,291	967	7	-	74,649
Results						
Segment results	6,784	2,123	1	(20)	(1,075)	7,813
Interest income	303	-	-	-	103	406
Finance costs	(738)	-	-	-	-	(738)
Share of profit of associates	99	-	-	-	-	99
Unallocated corporate expense						(1,372)
Negative goodwill					_	3,185
Profit before tax						9,393
Income tax expense					_	(3,179)
Profit for the financial year					=	6,214

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

2010	Optical related products RM'000	Franchise management RM'000	Laser eye surgery treatment RM'000	Hearing aid solutions and related accessories RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets						
Segment assets	76,408	951	638	285	9,206	87,488
Investments in associates	379	-	-	-	-	379
	76,787	951	638	285	9,206	87,867
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	37,044	1,973	132	5	56	39,210
Other segment information						
Depreciation	2,209	-	103	2	-	2,314
Impairment losses on property, plant						
and equipment	107	-	-	-	-	107
Impairment losses on goodwill	1	-	-	-	-	1
Impairment losses on receivables	354	16	-	-	-	370
Bad debts written off	14	-	-	-	-	14
Inventories written down	565	-	-	-	-	565
Property, plant and equipment written off	160	-	-	-	-	160
Net loss on disposal of property, plant						
and equipment	38		_			38

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31}$ DECEMBER $\underline{2011}$

36. **OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

Reconciliations of reportable segment assets and liabilities to the Group's corresponding amounts are as follows:

	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Assets Total assets for reportable segments Tax assets	90,976 641	87,867 445
Group's assets	91,617	88,312
Liabilities Total liabilities for reportable segments Tax liabilities	40,446 1,181	39,210 2,676
Group's liabilities	41,627	41,886

Geographical information

The Group operates predominantly in Malaysia.

Major customers

The Group does not have significant reliance on a single major customer, with whom the Group transacted ten (10) per cent or more of its revenue during the financial year.

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37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Capital management

The objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains healthy ratios in order to support its business operations and to provide fair returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, as deemed appropriate. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may, from time to time, adjust the dividend payout to shareholders, issue new shares and redeem debts, where necessary. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the financial year ended 31 December 2011 and the financial period ended 31 December 2010.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group monitors capital by reference to its indebtedness position, which is derived from the total financial debts divided by the total equity plus total financial debts. The Group's strategy is to maintain a balance between debt and equity and to ensure sufficient operating cash flows to repay its liabilities as and when they fall due.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Categories of financial instruments

Group	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Financial assets		
Loan and receivables - Trade and other		
receivables	18,173	18,596
Held-to-maturity investment	-	500
Cash and cash equivalents	13,980	19,803
	32,153	38,899
Financial liabilities	_	
Other financial liabilities - Borrowings Other financial liabilities - Trade and other	15,213	21,281
payables	23,932	16,543
	39,145	37,824

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37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (b) Financial instruments (continued)
 - (i) Categories of financial instruments (continued)

Company	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000
Financial assets		
Loan and receivables - Trade and other receivables	7,831	1,268
Cash and cash equivalents	3,585	9,668
	11,416	10,936
Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities - Trade and other payables	50	57

(ii) Fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments that are not carried at fair values and whose carrying amounts do not approximate their fair values are as follows:

	Gro	up
2011	Carrying amount RM'000	Fair value RM'000
Recognised		
Financial liabilities: Hire-purchase liabilities	2,023	1,959
2010		
Recognised		
Financial asset:		
Held-to-maturity investment	500	491
Financial liabilities:		
Hire-purchase liabilities	3,104	3,092

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37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Determination of fair values

Methods and assumptions used to estimate fair values

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

(i) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair values and whose carrying amounts are at reasonable approximation of fair values

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, such as trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and borrowings, are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the current portion of loans and borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

(ii) Hire-purchase liabilities

The fair values of the hire-purchase liabilities are estimated based on the future contractual cash flows discounted at current market interest rates available for similar financial instruments and of the same remaining maturities.

(iii) Trade receivables (amounts owing by franchisees for the sales of non-trade goods and fixed assets)

The fair values of these financial instruments are estimated by discounting expected future cash flows at market lending rates for similar types of lending, borrowing or leasing arrangements at the end of the reporting period. At the end of the reporting period, these amounts are carried at amortised costs and the carrying amounts are approximate to their fair values.

(iv) Held-to-maturity investment - Quoted unit trust in Malaysia

The fair value of quoted unit trust in Malaysia is determined by reference to the exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of the business at the end of reporting period.

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's financial risk management objective is to optimise value creation for shareholders whilst minimising the potential adverse impact arising from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange and interest rates and the unpredictability of the financial markets.

The Group operates within an established risk management framework and clearly defined guidelines that are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors and does not trade in derivative financial instruments. Financial risk management is carried out through risk review programmes, internal control systems, insurance programmes and adherence to the Group financial risk management policies. The Group is exposed mainly to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, liquidity and cash flow risk, credit risk and market price risk. Information on the management of the related exposures is detailed below.

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

During the financial year, the Group had exposure of foreign exchange risk on purchases that are denominated in currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"). The currency that gives rise to this risk is primarily the United States dollar ("USD"), European Euro ("EURO"), Japanese Yen ("JPY"), Hong Kong dollar ("HKD") and Singapore dollar ("SGD"). The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure on an ongoing basis.

During the financial year, the Group entered into foreign currency forward contracts to manage exposures to currency risk for payables, which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Group. However, there was no forward foreign contract outstanding as at 31 December 2011.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(i) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit after tax to a reasonably possible change in the USD, EURO, JPY, HKD and SGD exchange rates against RM, with all other variables held constant.

		Group		
		2011 RM'000 Profit after tax	2010 RM'000 Profit after tax	
USD/RM	- strengthen by 3%	-42	-19	
	- weaken by 3%	+42	+19	
EURO/RM	- strengthen by 3%	-55	-38	
	- weaken by 3%	+55	+38	
HKD/RM	- strengthen by 3%	-2	*	
	- weaken by 3%	+2	*	
JPY/RM	- strengthen by 3%	#	-	
	- weaken by 3%	#	-	
SGD/RM	- strengthen by 3%	-4	-1	
	- weaken by 3%	+4	+1	

^{*}Represents RM52 # Represents RM180

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group and Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group and Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from their fixed deposits with licensed banks and loans and borrowings. The Group borrows at both fixed and floating rates of interest to generate the desired interest profile and to manage the Group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The Group's deposits are placed at fixed rates and management endeavours to obtain the best rate available in the market.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's and of the Company's profit after tax to a reasonably possible change in 100 basis points against interest rates, with all other variables held constant.

		Group			
		2011 RM'000 Profit after tax	2010 RM'000 Profit after tax		
Fixed deposits	- 100 basis points higher	+86	+100		
	- 100 basis points lower	-86	-100		
Hire-purchase liabilities	- 100 basis points higher	-25	-15		
	- 100 basis points lower	+25	+15		
Bankers' acceptances	- 100 basis points higher	-86	-91		
	- 100 basis points lower	+86	+91		
Term loans	- 100 basis points higher	-22	-25		
	- 100 basis points lower	+22	+25		

		Com	pany
		2011 RM'000 Profit after tax	2010 RM'000 Profit after tax
Fixed deposits	 100 basis points higher 100 basis points lower	+29 -29	+15 -15

The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, the weighted average effective interest rates as at the end of the reporting period and the remaining maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk:

Group At 31 December 2011	Note	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 3 years RM'000	3 - 4 years RM'000	4 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Fixed rates Fixed deposits with									
licensed banks	15	2.93	7,856	_	-	_	-	-	7,856
Hire-purchase liabilities	20	6.54	(1,201)	(514)	(215)	(93)	-	-	(2,023)
Floating rates			(10.011)						(10.011)
Bankers' acceptances	22	4.55	(10,911)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,911)
Term loans	19	6.26	(368)	(1,256)	(280)	(147)	(105)	(123)	(2,279)

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, the weighted average effective interest rates as at the end of the reporting period and the remaining maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk: (continued)

Fixed rates Fixed deposits with licensed banks 15 2.77 15,190 - - - - - - 15,190 Hire-purchase liabilities 20 6.33 (1,363) (1,741) - - - - - (3,104) Floating rates Bankers' acceptances 22 2.79 (12,133) - - - - - - (12,133) Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) - - - - - - (1,343) Term loans 19 6.66 (1,559) (2,197) (563) (222) (87) (73) (4,701)	Group At 31 December 2010	Note	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 3 years RM'000	3 - 4 years RM'000	4 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
licensed banks 15 2.77 15,190 - - - - - - - 15,190 Hire-purchase liabilities 20 6.33 (1,363) (1,741) - - - - - - - (3,104) Floating rates Bankers' acceptances 22 2.79 (12,133) - - - - - - - (12,133) Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) - - - - - - (1,343)										
Hire-purchase liabilities 20 6.33 (1,363) (1,741) (3,104) Floating rates Bankers' acceptances 22 2.79 (12,133) (12,133) Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) (1,343)	•	15	2 77	15 190	_	_	_	_	_	15 190
Bankers' acceptances 22 2.79 (12,133) (12,133) Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) (1,343)							-	-	-	
Bankers' acceptances 22 2.79 (12,133) (12,133) Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) (1,343)	Floating rates									
Bank overdrafts 21 6.93 (1,343) (1,343)	_	22	2.79	(12,133)	_	-	-	-	-	(12,133)
	•			,	-	-	-	-	-	
	Term loans	19	6.66	,	(2,197)	(563)	(222)	(87)	(73)	

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following tables set out the carrying amounts, the weighted average effective interest rates as at the end of the reporting period and the remaining maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk: (continued)

Company	Note	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Within 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 3 years RM'000	3 - 4 years RM'000	4 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
At 31 December 2011									
Fixed rates Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	15	2.85	1,364	-	-	-		-	1,364
At 31 December 2010									
Fixed rates Fixed deposits with a licensed bank	15	2.80	6,329	-	-	-	-	-	6,329

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(iii) Liquidity and cash flow risk

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. In liquidity risk management strategy, the Group measures and forecasts its cash commitments and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's activities.

The Group is actively managing its operating cash flow to ensure all commitments and funding needs are met. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group and Company's liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	2011					
Group	On demand or within one year RM'000	One to five years RM'000	Over five years RM'000	Total RM'000		
Financial liabilities:						
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	23,932 12,574	- 2,657	123	23,932 15,354		
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	36,506	2,657	123	39,286		
Company						
Financial liabilities:						
Trade and other payables	50	-	-	50		
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	50	-	-	50		

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38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(iii) Liquidity and cash flow risk (continued)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (continued)

	2010					
Group	On demand or within one year RM'000	One to five years RM'000	Over five years RM'000	Total RM'000		
Financial liabilities:						
Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	16,543 16,553	- 4,989	- -	16,543 21,542		
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	33,096	4,989	-	38,085		
Company						
Financial liabilities:						
Trade and other payables	57	-	-	57		
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	57	-	-	57		

(iv) Credit risk

Cash deposits and trade receivables may give rise to credit risk, which requires the loss to be recognised if a counter party fails to perform as contracted. The major counter parties are major licensed financial institutions and reputable organisations. It is the Group's policy to monitor the financial standing of counter parties on an ongoing basis to ensure that the Group is exposed to minimal credit risk.

The Group's exposure to credit risks, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from receivables. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit except for walk-in customers at its branches. The credit period is generally for a period of 75 days (2010: 60 days). Each customer has a maximum credit limit and the Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables via a credit control officer to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

As at 31 December 2011, other than the amounts owing by subsidiaries constituting approximately 100% (2010: 99%) of the total receivables of the Company, the Group does not have any significant concentration of credit risk related to any individual customer or counterparty.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(iv) Credit risk (continued)

The Group's major classes of financial assets are trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Deposits with banks and other financial institutions that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Exposure to credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial positions.

(v) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than interest or exchange rates).

The Group is exposed to price risks arising from quoted unit trust held by the Group. It is held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Group does not actively trade this investment. This instrument is classified as held-to-maturity financial asset.

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39. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

(a) On 7 January 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. completed the acquisition of some of the assets of Hightex Vision Sdn. Bhd, a retailer of optical and related products for a purchase consideration of RM708,271. The fair values of the assets acquired were as follows:

	2011 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment Inventories	88 620
Total	708

(b) On 9 March 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd. signed a Memorandum of Collaboration ("MoC") with Perbadanan Nasional Berhad ("PNS").

The MoC sets out a collaboration action plan by both Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd. and PNS in developing and promoting the Focus Point Franchise Programme to Bumiputra entrepreneurs. Under the collaborative plan, PNS will offer a financing scheme known as Focus Point Financing Facility while Focus Point Management Sdn. Bhd. commits to transfer business know-how and entrepreneurial skills to successful applicants.

The parties hereby acknowledge that the collaboration shall be construed as a platform for the creation and development of Bumiputra entrepreneurs as well as creating a new dimension for PNS in financing the franchisees under the Focus Point Financing Facility, to be in line with the aspiration and objective of the Government.

The MoC is consistent with the Group's expansion plan to increase the number of its professional eye care services outlets in Malaysia. The Group is confident that the collaboration is expected to contribute positively to the earnings of the Group in the long term.

- (c) On 20 June 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. acquired the remaining 49% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of Eye-Zed Sdn. Bhd. for a total cash consideration of RM97,086.
- (d) On 25 October 2011, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. incorporated a 60% owned subsidiary known as Truesight Eyewear Optical Sdn. Bhd. with an initial issued and paid-up share capital of RM10 comprising 10 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2011

40. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

- (a) On 29 March 2012, the Company undertook an internal reorganisation by entering into a sale of shares agreement with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. to acquire the entire equity interest in Multiple Reward Sdn. Bhd. ("MRSB") for a cash consideration of RM20,503. Arising therefrom, MRSB is a directly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.
- (b) On 23 April 2012, a subsidiary, Focus Point Vision Care Group Sdn. Bhd. entered into the sale of business and asset agreement with its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Radiant Attraction Sdn. Bhd., Eye-Zed Sdn. Bhd. and Esprit Shoppe Sdn. Bhd. ("the vendors") for the purchase of the business and the assets of the vendors at a consideration of RM371,743, RM206,657 and RM543,673 respectively.

41. **COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain figures for the financial year ended 31 December 2010 have been reclassified as compared to the original statutory accounts to conform with current year's presentation as follows:

Group	As previously reported RM'000	Reclassi- fications RM'000	As restated RM'000
As at 31 December 2010 Statement of Financial Position			
Non-current liabilities Trade and other payables Deferred income	998 -	(998) 998	- 998
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Deferred income	16,931	(388) 388	16,543 388
For the financial year ended 31 December 2010 Statement of Comprehensive Income			
Administrative expenses Finance costs	(26,882) (815)	(77) 77	(26,959) (738)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS $\underline{31\ \mathrm{DECEMBER}\ 2011}$

42. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The retained earnings as at the end of reporting period may be analysed as follows:

	Gro	up	Company		
	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	2011 RM'000	2010 RM'000	
Total retained earnings of Focus Point Holdings Berhad and its subsidiaries					
RealisedUnrealised	27,908 (876)	25,673 (821)	493	36	
	27,032	24,852	493	36	
Total share of retained					
earnings from associates: - Realised - Unrealised	130 (2)	106 (7)		-	
	128	99			
Total Less: Consolidation	27,160	24,951	493	36	
adjustments	(17,257)	(18,723)			
Total Group/Company retained earnings as per					
consolidated accounts	9,903	6,228	493	36	